



Ministry of  
**JUSTICE**



# **Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE England and Wales 2006/07**

Statistical bulletin

Published July 2008

# Contents

Introduction	1
Arrests for recorded crime (notifiable offences)	2
Operation of certain police powers under PACE	7
Tables: Arrests A1-A6; PACE P1-P7	18
Notes and acknowledgements	31

## INTRODUCTION

1. All statistics in this bulletin are presented on a financial year basis. All the recorded crime trends quoted were published in "Crime in England and Wales, 2006/07"<sup>(1)</sup> in July 2007.
2. Information on ethnic appearance of persons stopped and searched and of those arrested under section 95 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 is published separately in "*Statistics on Race and the Criminal Justice System – 2006/7*". This includes the number of persons asked to stop and account since 1 April 2005. (see note 15 for further details).

## ARRESTS FOR RECORDED CRIME (NOTIFIABLE OFFENCES)

### MAIN POINTS

- Around 1,482,200 persons were arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) in 2006/07, a 4% increase over 2005/06. Recorded crime was estimated to have decreased by 2% over the same period. (paragraph 4).
- A 9% increase in arrests for violence against the person offences compares with a decrease of 1% in the number of recorded violence against the person crimes. (paragraph 6).
- In 2006/07, for the first time, more females were arrested for offences of violence against the person (35%) than for theft and handling stolen goods (32%). (paragraph 9).

3. The statistics on arrests relate to notifiable offences, the basis of recorded crime statistics (see note 4). Tables covering statistics for England and Wales from 1999/00 to 2006/07 are included within this commentary (Table AA, AB and AC) with mainly 2006/07 tables by police force area (Tables A1 to A6) following at the end (see notes 1 and 2 on data quality).

4. In 2006/07 an estimated 1,482,200 persons were arrested for recorded crime offences, an increase of 4% (52,400) compared to 2005/06. Total recorded crime over the same period was estimated to have decreased by 2% to 5,428,300.<sup>(1)</sup>

5. The 52,400 increase in arrests is accounted for by increases within five of the nine offence groups. The three largest increases recorded were for offence groups violence against the person up 39,800 (or 9%), 'other' offences up 32,500 (or 21%), and robbery up 5,400 (or 15%). The three offence groups which recorded decreases in arrests were theft and handling stolen goods down 20,100 (or 6%), fraud and forgery down 6,000 (or 17%), and criminal damage down 1,600 (or 1%). Sexual offences remain unchanged at 32,100.

6. Overall there was a 9% increase in arrests for violence against the person offences, up 39,800. This compares with a decrease in the number of recorded violence against the person crimes of 1% in 2006/07. Arrests for violence against the person offences accounted for 33% of all arrests for recorded crime offences, an increase of two percentage points from 2005/06.

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table AA Persons arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by type of offence and sex, 1999/00 - 2006/07**

England and Wales										Number
Sex and Year	Total	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Robbery	Burglary	Theft & handling stolen goods	Fraud & forgery	Criminal damage	Drug offences	Other
<b>Males</b>										
1999/00	1,073,100	218,400	23,100	25,900	100,400	352,800	32,300	121,200	105,400	93,600
2000/01	1,066,300	222,400	23,000	28,000	97,700	348,200	30,100	117,300	97,400	102,200
2001/02	1,066,300	221,500	24,300	32,100	97,800	343,500	29,100	115,400	101,500	101,100
2002/03	1,100,600	241,800	27,800	31,500	98,700	326,300	28,100	118,000	114,700	113,800
2003/04	1,109,600	278,600	29,100	30,500	98,300	302,600	28,200	128,100	97,800	116,400
2004/05 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,120,500	328,300	29,600	28,900	88,100	280,400	28,300	139,200	72,500	125,300
2005/06	1,182,100	369,300	31,100	31,300	89,900	277,100	26,100	147,000	76,300	133,900
2006/07	1,230,700	400,900	31,200	36,400	92,100	263,400	21,600	145,800	77,100	162,100
<b>Females</b>										
1999/00	204,900	37,100	1,000	2,900	8,900	97,100	12,700	15,100	15,700	14,300
2000/01	198,000	37,100	1,100	3,200	8,900	94,500	10,900	14,400	13,900	14,000
2001/02	205,600	37,900	900	3,800	9,500	97,000	10,500	15,200	15,100	15,700
2002/03	212,500	42,200	1,000	4,300	10,200	93,700	10,500	16,200	16,400	17,900
2003/04	220,900	53,500	900	4,200	10,600	89,700	10,200	18,100	15,200	18,400
2004/05 <sup>(1)</sup>	232,900	66,800	900	4,000	9,600	86,900	9,600	21,600	12,200	21,300
2005/06	247,700	78,900	1,000	4,100	9,200	86,600	9,300	22,600	12,300	23,700
2006/07	251,500	87,200	900	4,400	8,800	80,200	7,800	22,100	12,100	28,100
<b>Persons</b>										
1999/00	1,277,900	255,500	24,100	28,800	109,300	449,900	45,000	136,300	121,200	107,900
2000/01	1,264,200	259,500	24,100	31,200	106,500	442,700	41,100	131,700	111,300	116,200
2001/02	1,271,900	259,400	25,200	35,900	107,300	440,500	39,600	130,600	116,600	116,800
2002/03	1,313,100	284,000	28,900	35,800	108,900	419,900	38,600	134,100	131,100	131,800
2003/04	1,330,400	332,100	30,000	34,700	108,900	392,300	38,400	146,200	113,100	134,900
2004/05 <sup>(1)</sup>	1,353,400	395,200	30,400	32,800	97,700	367,200	37,800	160,800	84,800	146,600
2005/06	1,429,800	448,300	32,100	35,400	99,100	363,700	35,400	169,600	88,600	157,600
2006/07	1,482,200	488,100	32,100	40,800	100,900	343,600	29,400	168,000	89,200	190,100
2006/07 - 2005/06										
Total change	+52,400	+39,800	0	+5,400	+1,800	-20,100	-6,000	-1,600	+600	+32,500
Percentage change	+4	+9	0	+15	+2	-6	-17	-1	+1	+21

(1) Figures updated since publication of 2004/05 Bulletin.

7. Arrests for property offences (burglary, theft, fraud and forgery and criminal damage), accounted for 43% of all arrests for recorded crime offences, a decrease of four percentage points from 2005/06. In total, the number of arrests for these offences fell by 4% to 641,900 despite those for burglary rising by 2%. Recorded crime property offences decreased by 3%.

### Arrests by sex and age group

8. Table AB shows arrests for different offence groups by sex and age group. In 2006/07, 83% of those arrested for recorded crime offences were males, the same as in 2005/06. There was an increase of 4% in male arrests and a 2% increase in female arrests. Male arrests increased by 48,600 to 1,230,700 and female arrests by 3,800 to 251,500. Despite these increases, there were decreases in the number of males and females arrested within various offence categories. The largest increase for both males and females was in the 'violence against the person' category which showed increases for males of 31,600 (9%) and 8,300 (11%) for females. The largest decrease occurred in the theft & handling stolen goods offence group, down 13,700 for males and 6,400 for females, followed by fraud & forgery, down by 4,500 and 1,500 respectively, and criminal damage down by 1,200 and 500. There were further decreases for females only in the offence groups of burglary (down 400), drug offences (down 200) and sexual offences (down 100).

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table AB Persons arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by type of offence, sex and age group, 2005/06 and 2006/07**

Year and Notifiable offence group		Males										Females										Number															
		Aged under 10					Aged 10-17					Aged 18-20 and over					Aged 10-17						Aged 18-20 and over														
		Aged	Aged	Aged	Age	All	Aged	Aged	Aged	Age	All	Aged	Aged	Aged	Age	All	Aged	Aged	Aged	Age	All		Aged	Aged	Aged	Age	All										
<b>2005/06</b>		200	64,600	54,600	249,400	600	369,300	0	22,100	10,000	46,700	100	78,900	200	86,700	64,600	296,100	700	448,300	0	4,600	3,000	23,500	0	31,100	0	1,000	1,000	700	0	32,100	0	4,700	3,100	24,200	0	32,100
Sexual offences		0	4,600	3,000	23,500	0	31,100	-	100	100	700	-	1,000	0	4,700	3,100	24,200	0	32,100	0	4,600	3,000	23,500	0	31,100	0	1,000	1,000	700	0	4,700	3,100	24,200	0	32,100		
Robbery		0	14,700	6,300	10,300	0	31,300	0	2,300	500	1,200	0	4,100	0	17,100	6,800	11,500	100	35,400	0	14,700	6,300	10,300	0	31,300	0	4,100	4,100	1,200	0	17,100	6,800	11,500	100	35,400		
Burglary		100	30,100	14,600	45,000	100	89,900	0	3,300	1,300	4,600	0	9,200	100	33,400	15,900	49,600	100	99,100	0	30,100	14,600	45,000	100	89,900	100	9,200	9,200	4,600	0	33,400	15,900	49,600	100	99,100		
Theft & handling stolen goods		200	72,800	40,900	162,800	500	277,100	100	25,800	10,300	50,400	100	86,600	200	98,500	51,100	213,200	600	363,700	0	72,800	40,900	162,800	500	277,100	200	86,600	86,600	50,400	100	98,500	51,100	213,200	600	363,700		
Fraud and forgery		0	1,600	3,200	21,400	100	26,100	-	800	1,100	7,400	0	9,300	0	2,400	4,300	28,700	100	35,400	0	1,600	3,200	21,400	100	26,100	0	9,300	9,300	7,400	0	2,400	4,300	28,700	100	35,400		
Criminal damage		200	53,900	25,100	67,600	200	147,000	0	9,300	2,500	10,700	0	22,600	200	63,200	27,600	78,300	300	169,600	0	53,900	25,100	67,600	200	147,000	200	22,600	22,600	10,700	0	63,200	27,600	78,300	300	169,600		
Drug offences		0	12,900	13,600	49,700	100	76,300	0	1,500	1,600	9,100	0	12,300	0	14,400	15,200	58,800	100	88,600	0	12,900	13,600	49,700	100	76,300	0	12,300	12,300	9,100	0	14,400	15,200	58,800	100	88,600		
Other		0	22,700	23,000	87,500	700	133,900	0	5,300	3,300	15,000	100	23,700	0	28,000	26,200	102,500	800	157,600	0	22,700	23,000	87,500	700	133,900	0	23,700	23,700	15,000	0	28,000	26,200	102,500	800	157,600		
<b>Total</b>		700	277,900	184,100	717,200	2,300	1,182,100	100	70,600	30,600	145,900	500	247,700	800	348,500	214,700	863,100	2,700	1,429,800	0	277,900	184,100	717,200	2,300	1,182,100	800	247,700	247,700	145,900	500	348,500	214,700	863,100	2,700	1,429,800		
<b>2006/07</b>		100	67,000	59,300	273,700	800	400,900	0	23,000	11,200	52,800	200	87,200	100	90,000	70,500	326,500	1,000	488,100	0	67,000	59,300	273,700	800	400,900	100	87,200	87,200	52,800	200	90,000	70,500	326,500	1,000	488,100		
Sexual offences		0	4,500	3,100	23,600	0	31,200	0	100	100	700	0	900	0	4,600	3,100	24,300	0	32,100	0	4,500	3,100	23,600	0	31,200	0	900	900	700	0	4,600	3,100	24,300	0	32,100		
Robbery		0	17,900	7,500	10,900	0	36,400	-	2,700	600	1,100	0	4,400	0	20,600	8,100	12,000	0	40,800	0	17,900	7,500	10,900	0	36,400	0	4,400	4,400	1,100	0	20,600	8,100	12,000	0	40,800		
Burglary		0	30,700	15,500	45,900	100	92,100	0	3,200	1,300	4,300	0	8,800	0	33,900	16,700	50,100	100	100,900	0	30,700	15,500	45,900	100	92,100	0	8,800	8,800	4,300	0	33,900	16,700	50,100	100	100,900		
Theft & handling stolen goods		100	69,900	40,200	152,600	600	263,400	0	25,800	9,100	45,100	100	80,200	100	95,700	49,400	197,700	700	343,600	0	69,900	40,200	152,600	600	263,400	100	80,200	80,200	45,100	100	95,700	49,400	197,700	700	343,600		
Fraud and forgery		0	1,300	2,400	17,800	0	21,600	-	700	900	6,200	0	7,800	0	2,000	3,300	24,000	100	29,400	0	1,300	2,400	17,800	0	21,600	0	7,800	7,800	6,200	0	2,000	3,300	24,000	100	29,400		
Criminal damage		100	53,700	25,600	66,200	200	145,800	0	8,800	2,800	10,500	0	22,100	200	62,500	28,400	76,700	300	168,000	0	53,700	25,600	66,200	200	145,800	200	22,100	22,100	10,500	0	62,500	28,400	76,700	300	168,000		
Drug offences		0	11,400	13,700	51,900	100	77,100	0	1,300	1,600	9,200	0	12,100	0	12,700	15,300	61,100	100	89,200	0	11,400	13,700	51,900	100	77,100	0	12,100	12,100	9,200	0	12,700	15,300	61,100	100	89,200		
Other		0	25,700	27,400	108,200	800	162,100	0	5,600	3,900	18,500	100	28,100	0	31,200	31,200	126,700	900	190,100	0	25,700	27,400	108,200	800	162,100	0	28,100	28,100	18,500	0	31,200	31,200	126,700	900	190,100		
<b>Total</b>		400	282,200	194,600	750,900	2,700	1,230,700	100	71,100	31,400	148,400	500	251,500	500	353,300	226,000	899,200	3,200	1,482,200	0	282,200	194,600	750,900	2,700	1,230,700	500	251,500	251,500	148,400	500	353,300	226,000	899,200	3,200	1,482,200		

9. In 2006/07, for the first time, more females were arrested for offences of violence against the person (35%) than for theft & handling stolen goods (32%). For the third and consecutive year more males were recorded as being arrested for offences of violence against the person (33%) than for offences in the theft category (21%).

10. Of all persons arrested, almost a quarter were under 18 and nearly 40% under 21. Arrests of males aged under 21 rose by 14,500 (3%) and of males aged 21 and over by 33,700 (5%). Similarly, arrests of females aged under 21 increased by 1,300 (1%) and of those aged 21 and over by 2,500 (2%).

11. The most common offence group for arrestees aged 10 to 17 was theft, whilst for both males and females aged 18 and over there were more arrests within the violence against the person group. For violence against the person offences, a larger proportion of over 21-year-olds were arrested (36%) than 18- to 20-year-olds (31%) and 10- to 17-year-olds (25%). Criminal damage arrests (11% for all age groups) were more prevalent among 10- to 17-year-olds (18%) than 18- to 20-year-olds (13%) and over 21s (9%). Only 3% of arrests were for robbery and 2% for sexual offences.

#### **Arrests by police force area**

12. A comparison between 2005/06 and 2006/07 showed that 24 forces recorded increases in the number of arrests for recorded crime offences (Table A1). The largest percentage increases were in North Wales (up 24%), Warwickshire (up 21%) and Avon & Somerset (up 15%).

13. 15 forces showed a decrease in the number of arrests. The largest percentage fall was recorded in Wiltshire (down 16%), followed by Cleveland (down 9%) and Derbyshire, Humberside and North Yorkshire (each down 7%).

14. The Metropolitan Police recorded 20,229 more arrests for recorded crime offences in 2006/07 than in 2005/06 (an increase of 10%). 15% of arrests within England and Wales in 2006/07 took place in the Metropolitan Police area (a 1% increase on 2005/06).

**Table AC**      **Proportion of total arrests for recorded crime (notifiable offences) related to arrests resulting from a stop and search under s1 Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and other legislation, 1999/00 - 2006/07**

Year	Percentages		
	Metropolitan Police	Other forces	England & Wales
1999/00	14	7	8
2000/01	15	6	8
2001/02	17	7	8
2002/03	20	7	9
2003/04	15	6	7
2004/05	13	6	7
2005/06	17	6	7
2006/07	17	6	7

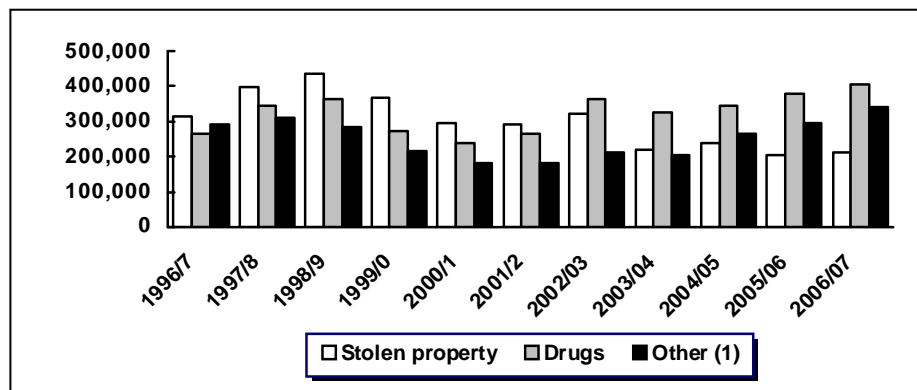
15. In England and Wales in 2006/07, 7% of arrests for notifiable offences resulted from a stop and search under PACE, the same as in the previous three years. For the Metropolitan Police the figure was 17%, the same as in 2005/06.

## OPERATION OF CERTAIN POLICE POWERS UNDER PACE

### MAIN POINTS

- The police stopped and searched 962,900 persons and/or vehicles under PACE, 8% more than in 2005/06 (paragraph 17).
- Within the total of 962,900, stops and searches for offensive weapons totalled 96,300 an increase of 24% over 2005/06 (paragraph 19).
- The number of arrests also rose by 8% (paragraph 22) and represented 12% of all searches, the same as in 2005/06 (paragraph 23).
- 38 road checks were carried out, down from 69 in 2005/06 (paragraph 26).
- 2,013 persons were detained for more than 24 hours and subsequently released without charge, 18% less than the 2005/06 figure of 2,459 (paragraph 28).
- 104 intimate searches, mostly for drugs, were carried out, just one more than in 2005/06 (paragraph 32).

**Figure 1 Number of stops and searches by reason for search**



(1) Includes stops and searches for firearms, offensive weapons, going equipped, criminal damage and other.

## **Stops and Searches under PACE (Table PA, Table P1)**

16. Certain police powers under the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) were implemented on 1 January 1986. For provisions set out in sections 5, 50 and 55 of the Act, there is a statutory requirement for Chief Officers of Police to collect and publish statistics monitoring their use. These provisions cover stops and searches of persons or vehicles, road checks, detention of persons, and intimate searches of persons. The statistics presented in this publication also cover some other stop and search powers, which are described in notes 8 and 9. Further details on PACE are given in the other notes at the end of this bulletin. The tables included within the text (Tables PA to PG) cover trends in the national totals. Further tables for 2006/07, mainly by police force area, appear later in the bulletin (Tables P1 to P7).

17. During 2006/07, the police stopped and searched 955,100 persons and 7,800 vehicles, a total of 962,900 stops and searches. This was 8% more than the figure of 888,700 in 2005/06. The Metropolitan Police area showed an increase of 15% in the number of stops and searches (from 281,900 in 2005/06 to 323,800 in 2006/07). The Metropolitan Police share of the national total at 34% was two percentage points up compared with 2005/06. The remainder of England and Wales averaged a 5% increase with 26 of the 43 forces showing a rise. Humberside recorded the largest percentage increase (up 42%), followed by North Yorkshire (up 35%), and Thames Valley (up 30%). 17 forces showed a decrease in the number of stops and searches with City of London recording the largest percentage decrease (down 32%), followed by West Midlands (down 25%) and Avon & Somerset (down 24%).

18. Research to identify good practice of, and to enable improvements in the use of stop and search, was published in September 2000 (Police Research Series Papers 127-132, Miller, Quinton and Bland).<sup>(2)</sup> The research was commissioned by the Home Office following recommendations in the Stephen Lawrence Inquiry Report of February 1999 and found overall that searches are most effective when they are used in a targeted, intelligence-led way, focused on more serious crimes and more prolific offenders.

19. In 2006/07 stops and searches increased for six of the seven offence categories. The largest percentage increases were recorded for 'offensive weapons' (up 24% to 96,300) and 'criminal damage' (up 20% to 33,800). Most stops and searches are used for drugs (42% compared with 43% in 2005/06), and stolen property (22% compared with 23% in 2005/06).

20. As from 20 January 2004 the further category of stops and searches for items of criminal damage was introduced under Section 1(2) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (see note 8). 28,100 stops and searches were recorded for criminal damage by 36 forces in 2005/06. In 2006/07 33,800 stop and searches within this category were recorded by 39 of the 43 forces.

**Table PA Searches of persons or vehicles under section 1 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and other legislation <sup>(1)</sup>, and resultant arrests, by reason for search and reason for arrest**

England and Wales								Number & percentages
Searches made by reason for search								
Year	Stolen Property	Drugs	Firearms	Offensive weapons	Going equipped	Criminal damage <sup>(1)</sup>	Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
1996/97	316,000	264,900	7,460	52,600	151,100	*	79,500	871,500
1997/98	398,300	343,000	6,960	60,200	169,000	*	73,200	1,050,700
1998/99	435,800	362,100	6,960	56,200	150,800	*	69,200	1,080,700
1999/00	366,500	274,000	7,140	46,300	109,000	*	54,300	857,200
2000/01	295,900	236,900	7,900	47,400	89,100	*	36,800	714,100
2001/02	292,100	267,100	8,600	54,300	82,000	*	37,000	741,000
2002/03	320,900	363,100	9,900	62,600	93,200	*	45,500	895,300
2003/04 <sup>(2)</sup>	219,500	326,200	10,900	59,800	88,400	323	44,300	749,400
2004/05 <sup>(3)</sup>	241,500	351,300	12,700	76,400	108,400	13,000	58,100	861,500
2005/06 <sup>(4)</sup>	204,600	377,900	13,300	77,500	102,800	28,100	74,200	888,700
2006/07	213,700	406,500	13,000	96,300	117,600	33,800	79,200	962,900

Number of arrests made by reason for arrest and the proportion of searches resulting in an arrest								
Year	Stolen Property	Drugs	Firearms	Offensive weapons	Going equipped	Criminal damage <sup>(1)</sup>	Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1996/97	29,000 (9)	32,500 (12)	712 (9)	6,590 (13)	8,300 (5)	*	14,030 (18)	91,100 (10)
1997/98	32,800 (8)	39,900 (12)	726 (10)	7,770 (13)	7,840 (5)	*	19,560 (27)	108,700 (10)
1998/99	39,600 (9)	44,300 (12)	707 (11)	7,960 (14)	8,100 (5)	*	20,670 (30)	121,300 (11)
1999/00	36,300 (10)	37,600 (14)	756 (11)	7,070 (15)	6,250 (6)	*	20,540 (38)	108,500 (13)
2000/01	31,800 (11)	33,300 (14)	815 (10)	7,040 (15)	5,670 (6)	*	16,750 (45)	95,400 (13)
2001/02	31,300 (11)	35,800 (13)	900 (10)	8,200 (15)	5,900 (7)	*	16,700 (45)	98,700 (13)
2002/03	33,300 (10)	43,900 (12)	1,000 (11)	9,300 (15)	6,500 (7)	*	20,300 (45)	114,300 (13)
2003/04 <sup>(2)</sup>	26,200 (12)	35,600 (11)	900 (9)	8,200 (14)	6,700 (8)	46 (14)	17,300 (39)	95,100 (13)
2004/05 <sup>(3)</sup>	26,300 (11)	29,800 (8)	1,400 (11)	9,500 (12)	7,000 (6)	1,300 (10)	19,200 (33)	95,800 (11)
2005/06 <sup>(4)</sup>	24,200 (12)	30,400 (8)	1,400 (11)	9,700 (13)	6,500 (6)	1,900 (7)	23,500 (32)	102,700 (12)
2006/07 <sup>(5)</sup>	25,100 (12)	33,000 (8)	1,400 (11)	10,500 (11)	7,100 (6)	3,000 (9)	30,700 (39)	111,100 (12)

(1) See Note 8.

(2) Figures updated since publication of the 2003/04 Bulletin (see Note 10).

(3) Figures updated since publication of the 2004/05 Bulletin.

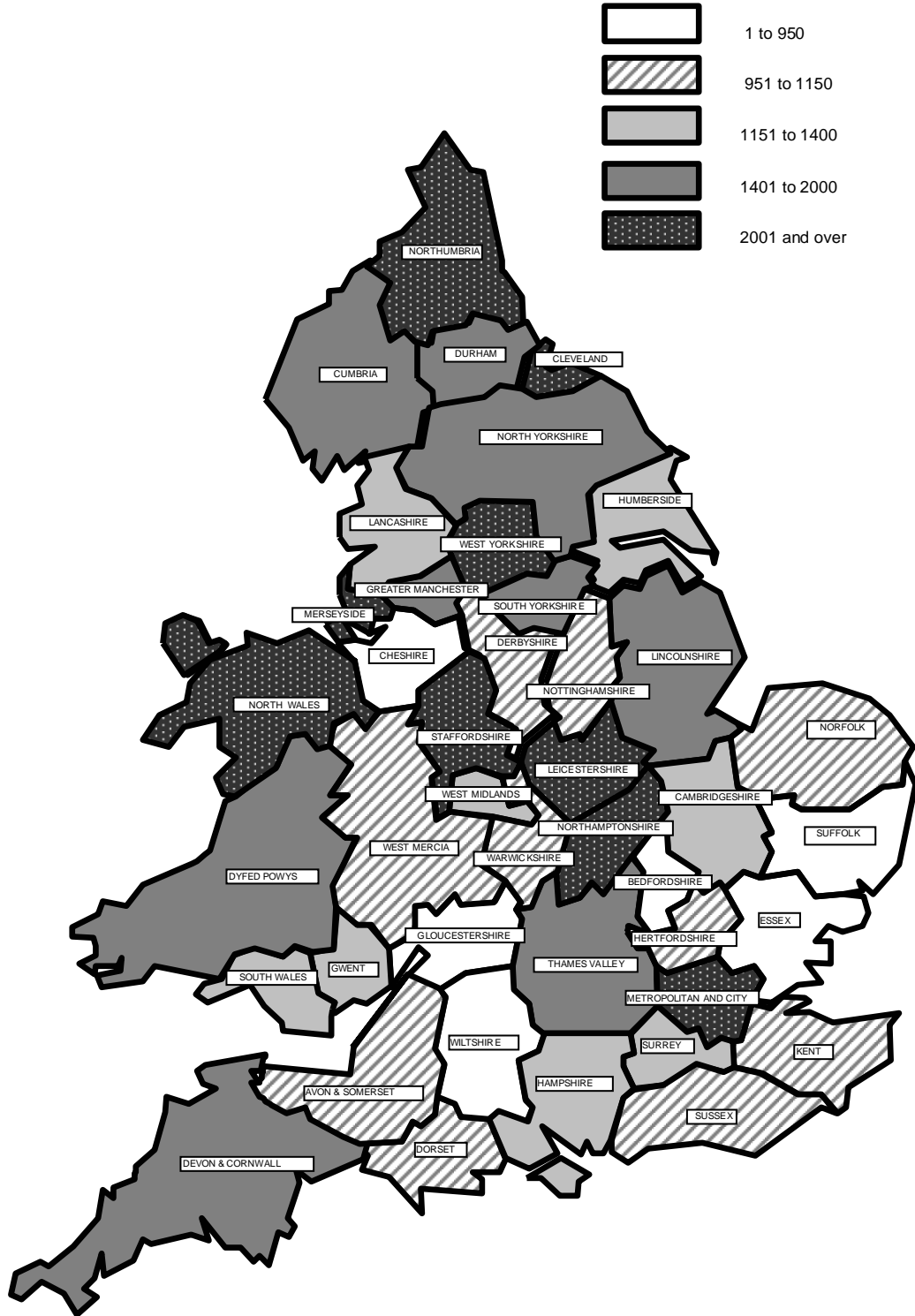
(4) Offence group breakdown not available for all forces, as a result offence categories will not add to total.

(5) Offence group breakdown not available for all forces, as a result offence categories will not add to total.

## Stops and searches by police force area

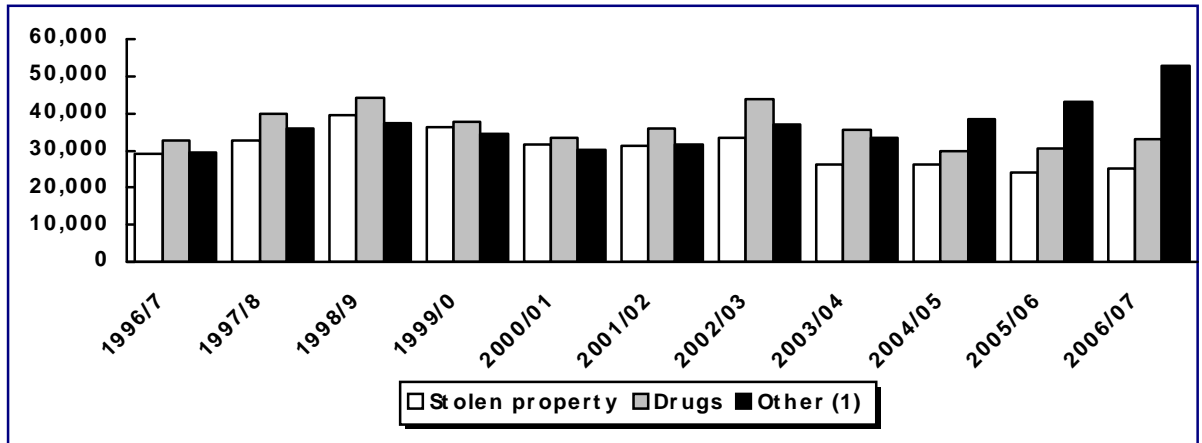
21. Table P1 gives detailed 2006/07 figures for stop and search and resultant arrests, by police force. 34% of all stops and searches in England and Wales during 2006/07 took place in the Metropolitan Police area, 2% more than in 2005/06. Figure 2 shows stop and search rates per 100,000 population by police force for 2006/07. Wide variations between police forces are apparent, ranging from 596 per 100,000 population in Essex to 5,017 in the Metropolitan Police area (including City of London). The rate for England and Wales as a whole was 2,026 per 100,000 population (aged 10 and over).

**Figure 2 Searches per 100,000 population by police force area 2006/07**



## Arrests following stops and searches

Figure 3 Number of arrests by reason for arrest



(1) Includes stops and searches for firearms, offensive weapons, going equipped, criminal damage and other.

22. The number of arrests following stop/searches increased in 2006/07 by 8% to 111,100, up from 102,700 in 2005/06.

23. During 2006/07, 12% of stop and searches led to an arrest, the same rate as in 2005/06. The largest numbers of arrests in 2006/07 were for drugs (33,000), 'other' offences (30,700) and stolen property (25,100). Arrest rates differed according to the reason for a stop/search: 'other' was highest – at 39% and 'going equipped' was lowest, at 6%. (It is possible that some arrests may have been made for a different reason from that which triggered the search – see note 7).

## STOPS AND SEARCHES UNDER OTHER POWERS (Tables PB and PC, Tables P2 and P3)

**Table PB Searches of persons or vehicles under section 60 of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 and resultant arrests**

England and Wales		Number		
Stops and searches in anticipation of violence				
Year	Total searches	Number of persons found to be carrying offensive weapons or dangerous instruments	Arrests for offensive weapons	Arrests for other reasons
1996/97	7,970	177	129	392
1997/98	7,970	377	103	332
1998/99 <sup>(1)</sup>	5,500	213	91	84
1999/00	6,840	59	36	195
2000/01	11,330	357	309	411
2001/02	18,900	1,367	203	485
2002/03 <sup>(2)</sup>	44,400	1,568	356	2,142
2003/04 <sup>(3)</sup>	40,400	557	299	1,248
2004/05 <sup>(4)</sup>	41,600	286	256	958
2005/06	36,300	542	192	1,522
2006/07	44,700	724	256	1,369

(1) Figures updated since publication of the 1998/99 Bulletin.

(2) Figures updated since publication of the 2002/03 Bulletin.

(3) Figures updated since publication of the 2003/04 Bulletin.

(4) Figures updated since publication of the 2004/05 Bulletin.

24. The Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 introduced new powers to stop and search vehicles and persons (see note 9). Section 60 enabled stop/searches to be made in anticipation of violence. 44,700 such searches were carried out in 2006/07, 23% more than in 2005/06. The proportion of stop/searches resulting in an arrest under Section 60 powers was somewhat variable across the forces; overall, 4% led to an arrest in 2006/07, one percentage point lower than in 2005/06. Table PB above shows the number of stops and searches from 1996/97 through to 2006/07, the number of persons found to be carrying offensive weapons or dangerous instruments, arrest for offensive weapons and arrests for other reasons (eg Class A drug found). Information for 2006/07 by police force area is given in Table P2. 41 forces are recorded as having used stops and searches in anticipation of violence (compared to 42 forces in 2005/06).

**Table PC** Searches of pedestrians, vehicles and occupants under sections 44(1) and 44(2) of the Terrorism Act 2000<sup>(1)</sup> and resultant arrests

England and Wales		Number
Stops and searches in order to prevent acts of terrorism		
Year	Total searches	Resultant arrests
1996/97	43,700	486
1997/98	15,000	316
1998/99	3,300	33
1999/00	1,900	18
2000/01	6,400	45
2001/02	10,200	189
2002/03	32,100	380
2003/04	33,800	491
2004/05 <sup>(2)</sup>	37,000	468
2005/06	50,000	563
2006/07	41,900	480

(1) Formerly sections 13A and 13B of the Prevention of Terrorism (Temporary Provisions) Act 1989 and repealed under the Terrorism Act 2000 (which came into force on 19 February 2001).

(2) Figures updated since publication of the 2004/05 Bulletin.

25. Table PC above shows the number of searches carried out under legislation to prevent acts of terrorism (see note 9) from 1996/97 to 2006/07 together with the number of arrests resulting. Nationally 1% of the searches resulted in an arrest. Although many of the arrests were not under the Terrorism Act they did include arrests for terrorist related matters and other serious crimes. In 2006/07 there were 41,900 searches, 16% less than the 2005/06 figure of 50,000. The Metropolitan Police area saw an increase of 2,000 (up 7%) whilst the City of London police area saw a decrease of 4,800 (down 68%). 70% of searches took place in the Metropolitan police area and 5% in the City of London, compared to 55% and 14% respectively in 2005/06. Information by police force area for 2006/07 is at Table P3. 28 forces carried out stop and searches to prevent acts of terrorism in 2006/07.

#### **ROAD CHECKS (Table PD, Table P4)**

26. 38 road checks were carried out in 2006/07, a decrease of 31 on the 69 checks recorded in 2005/06. A large number of vehicles can be stopped in any road check. An average of 184 vehicles were stopped in each road check in 2006/07 compared with 164 in 2005/06. The total number of vehicles recorded as having been stopped was 7,000 in 2006/07 compared to 11,300 in 2005/06.

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table PD Road checks under section 4 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, by reason for road check and result**

England and Wales								Number	
Road checks								Number of arrests resulting	
To ascertain whether a vehicle was carrying a person who:-									
Year	Total road checks <sup>(1)</sup>	had committed an indictable offence <sup>(2)</sup>	had witnessed an indictable offence <sup>(2)</sup>	was intending to commit an indictable offence <sup>(2)</sup>	was unlawfully at large	Number of vehicles stopped	Number of road obstructions	Connected with the reason for the road check	Not connected with the reason for the road check
								check	check
1997/98	139	70	58	10	1	24,500	270	8	24
1998/99	224	140	80	2	2	26,800	390	28	23
1999/00	291	48	80	162	1	23,400	420	12	21
2000/01	181	72	84	22	3	17,900	162	3	34
2001/02	95	18	76	-	1	14,800	132	2	8
2002/03 <sup>(3)</sup>	77	15	62	-	-	32,000	102	-	5
2003/04 <sup>(4)</sup>	68	17	48	2	1	7,500	102	1	6
2004/05 <sup>(3)</sup>	63	11	49	1	2	12,500	88	2	4
2005/06 <sup>(3)</sup>	69	8	43	16	2	11,300	180	29	62
2006/07 <sup>(3)</sup>	38	6	31	1	-	7,000	43	49	10

- (1) Where there was more than one reason for a road check, each reason has been counted: components therefore do not sum to totals.  
 (2) With effect from 1st January 2006 the Serious and Organised Crimes and Police Act 2005 (SOCAP) amended the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 by substituting references to "arrestable offence" and "serious arrestable offence" with "indictable offence".  
 (3) Data for one police force not available.  
 (4) Data for two police forces not available.

27. As would be expected, the number of arrests made as a result of road checks is small and numbered 59 in 2006/07. One arrest was made for every 118 vehicles stopped (it was one arrest for every 125 vehicles the year before); in terms of road checks, 38 checks yielded, on average, 1.6 arrests compared with 1.3 in 2005/06.

## PERSONS DETAINED FOR MORE THAN 24 HOURS WITHOUT CHARGE (Table PE, Table P5)

**Table PE Persons detained for more than 24 hours under Part IV of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, as amended**

England and Wales		Number & percentages	
Persons detained for more than 24 hours and released without charge			
Year	Total	Released from police detention	Detained under warrant of further detention
		(%)	
1997/98	674	603 (89)	71
1998/99	710	650 (92)	60
1999/00	570	505 (89)	65
2000/01	505	449 (86)	76
2001/02 <sup>(1)</sup>	505	453 (90)	52
2002/03 <sup>(2)</sup>	633	559 (88)	74
2003/04 <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	621	527 (85)	94
2004/05 <sup>(5)</sup>	1,132 <sup>(6)</sup>	1,041 <sup>(6)</sup> (92)	91
2005/06 <sup>(7)</sup>	2,459	2,350 (96)	113
2006/07 <sup>(8)</sup>	2,013	1,872 (93)	141

(1) Figures updated since publication of the 2001/02 Bulletin.

(2) Data for three police forces not available.

(3) From 1 April 2003 to 19 January 2004 Part IV of PACE remained unamended. For this period data for seven police forces are not available.

(4) As from 20 January 2004 new provisions were introduced to Part IV of PACE (see note 12). Data for 23 police forces are not available for the short period up to 31 March 2004.

(5) Data for four police forces not available.

(6) Includes 19 cases where the periods of police detention and the type of offence are not known (13 for Metropolitan police and 6 for Norfolk police).

(7) Data for two police forces not available.

(8) Data for one police force not available.

28. As from 20 January 2004 new powers (see note 12) were introduced which enabled a superintendent or above to authorise continued detention for up to 36 hours for **all** arrestable offences. With effect from 1 January 2006 the Serious and Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 amended the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 by substituting references to "arrestable offence" and "serious arrestable offence" with "indictable offences". The overall number of persons detained for more than 24 hours (up to a maximum of 96 hours) under PACE and subsequently released without charge was at least 2,013 during 2006/07.<sup>(3)</sup> This was 446 lower than in 2005/06. More than eight out of ten of those detained during 2006/07 were released within 36 hours.

29. Table P5 shows in part figures on police detentions, by police force area, where the person is detained for more than 24 hours and subsequently released. 84% of persons detained by the police for more than 24 hours were released within 36 hours.

## PERSONS DETAINED UNDER WARRANT OF FURTHER DETENTION (Table PF, Tables P5 and P6)

**Table PF Warrants of further detention under PACE and persons charged**

England and Wales		Number & percentages			
Warrants of further detention					
Year	Applied for	Refused	Granted		
			Total	Charged	% charged
1997/98	343	5	338	267	79%
1998/99	295	4	291	231	79%
1999/00	224 <sup>(1)</sup>	-	223	158	71%
2000/01	326	7	319	243	76%
2001/02	325	8	317	264	83%
2002/03 <sup>(2)</sup>	302	8	294	220	75%
2003/04 <sup>(3)</sup>	304	-	304	209	69%
2004/05 <sup>(4)</sup>	423	8	415	324	78%
2005/06 <sup>(5)</sup>	525	10	515 <sup>(6)</sup>	375	73%
2006/07 <sup>(6)</sup>	470	4	466	325	70%

(1) The outcome of one application is not known.

(2) Data for three police forces not available.

(3) Data for seven police forces not available.

(4) Data for six police forces not available.

(5) Full data for two police forces not available.

(6) A breakdown of data on total warrants granted not available for one police force.

30. Warrants of further detention (issued by magistrates) under PACE, which authorise detention without charge, were applied for on at least 470 occasions during 2006/07, <sup>(4)</sup> 55 less than recorded in 2005/06. <sup>(5)</sup> In all years since 1997/98, almost all applications have been granted. In 2006/07, 70% of the detainees were charged, a decrease of three percentage points on the previous year.

31. Table P6 shows the periods for which the warrants of further detention were granted, including any extensions. For 2006/07 only, it also shows the time spent in custody under the warrants.

## INTIMATE SEARCHES (Table PG, Table P7)

**Table PG Intimate searches made under section 55 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 by person conducting the search, reason for search and outcome**

England and Wales						Number			
Year	Total searches	Search conducted:-				Reasons for searches <sup>(1)</sup>			
		by suitably qualified person	in presence of suitably qualified person	by Police Officer	designated civilian detention officer	Drugs		Other harmful articles	
						Searches made	Class A drugs found	Searches made	Harmful articles found
1997/98 <sup>(2)</sup>	224	190	27	7	*	197	17	25	-
1998/99 <sup>(3)</sup>	119	94	18	7	*	109	20	10	2
1999/00 <sup>(3)</sup>	170 <sup>(4)</sup>	138	12	4	*	135	25	20	-
2000/01 <sup>(3)(5)</sup>	131	126 <sup>(6)</sup>	3	2	*	112	21	14	1
2001/02	102	102 <sup>(7)</sup>	-	-	*	88	18	6	2
2002/03 <sup>(3)</sup>	172 <sup>(8)</sup>	160	6	-	*	157	61	9	2
2003/04 <sup>(3)</sup>	81	68	7	6	*	73	11	10	1
2004/05 <sup>(3)(9)</sup>	93	68	12	13	-	81	11	11	1
2005/06 <sup>(10)(11)</sup>	103	89	7	7	-	82	12	12	-
2006/07 <sup>(3)(12)</sup>	104	94	2	8	-	65	4	37	1

(1) Persons may be searched for both drugs and harmful articles.

(2) In two cases the reason for the search and the outcome were not recorded.

(3) Data for 41 of the 43 police forces available only.

(4) Data on person conducting search and reason for search not available in 16 cases.

(5) Figures updated since publication of 2000/01 Bulletin.

(6) Data on reason for search not available in 5 cases where search conducted by a suitably qualified person.

(7) Data giving reasons for searches in 8 cases where search conducted by a suitably qualified person, not available from two police forces

(8) Data on person conducting search and reason for search not available in 6 cases.

(9) In one case the reason for the search and the outcome was not recorded.

(10) Data for 40 of the 43 police forces available only.

(11) In two cases the reason for search and the outcome was not recorded.

(12) In two cases the reason for search is unknown. Totals will not agree.

32. During 2006/07,<sup>(6)</sup> at least 104 intimate searches were carried out, one more than the figure of 103 recorded in 2005/06.<sup>(7)</sup> 63% of known reasons for search were for drugs compared to 87% in 2005/06. In 2006/07, Class A drugs (mainly heroin, other opiate drugs, LSD and cocaine) were found during one in 16 of the searches made for drugs compared to one in seven in 2005/06.

- (1) See 'Crime in England and Wales 2006/2007' by Sian Nicholas and colleagues (Home Office Statistical Bulletin 11/07, 2007).
- (2) Copies can be downloaded through the Home Office web site at <http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/rds/policerspubs1.html>.
- (3) Based on returns received from 42 forces only.
- (4) Based on returns received from 40 forces only.
- (5) Based on returns received from 40 forces only.
- (6) Based on returns received from 41 forces only.
- (7) Based on returns received from 40 forces only.

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A1 Persons arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by sex and police force area**

England and Wales							Total	
Police force area	Males		Females		Persons		2005/06 to 2006/07 change	
	2005/06	2006/07	2005/06	2006/07	2005/06	2006/07	Number	Percentage
Avon and Somerset	24,076	27,988	5,148	5,752	29,224	33,740	4,516	15
Bedfordshire	13,358	13,142	2,828	2,672	16,186	15,814	-372	-2
Cambridgeshire	15,070	15,342	3,661	3,350	18,731	18,692	-39	0
Cheshire	18,081	17,903	3,990	3,672	22,071	21,575	-496	-2
Cleveland	19,831	17,964	4,143	3,769	23,974	21,733	-2,241	-9
Cumbria	11,894	11,232	2,405	2,226	14,299	13,458	-841	-6
Derbyshire	18,667	17,727	4,002	3,302	22,669	21,029	-1,640	-7
Devon and Cornwall	24,175	24,691	4,823	4,591	28,998	29,282	284	1
Dorset	13,756	15,349	2,949	3,161	16,705	18,510	1,805	11
Durham	19,312	20,636	4,213	4,658	23,525	25,294	1,769	8
Essex	21,781 <sup>(1)</sup>	28,196 <sup>(1)</sup>	4,174 <sup>(1)</sup>	5,586 <sup>(1)</sup>	25,955 <sup>(1)</sup>	33,782 <sup>(1)</sup>	*	*
Gloucestershire	11,360	12,484	2,955	2,931	14,315	15,415	1,100	8
Greater Manchester	72,176	73,502	15,682	16,008	87,858	89,510	1,652	2
Hampshire	37,475	36,969	8,628	8,346	46,103	45,315	-788	-2
Hertfordshire	17,841	18,971	4,004	3,911	21,845	22,882	1,037	5
Humberside	21,492	20,092	4,226	3,825	25,718	23,917	-1,801	-7
Kent	34,112	35,100	7,350	6,956	41,462	42,056	594	1
Lancashire	41,671	42,954	8,783	8,327	50,454	51,281	827	2
Leicestershire	20,263	20,242	3,369	3,396	23,632	23,638	6	0
Lincolnshire	16,442	7,685 <sup>(2)</sup>	2,935	1,352 <sup>(2)</sup>	19,377	9,037 <sup>(2)</sup>	*	*
London, City of	3,793	3,916	541	573	4,334	4,489	155	4
Merseyside	28,192 <sup>(3)</sup>	30,482	5,752 <sup>(3)</sup>	6,350	33,944 <sup>(3)</sup>	36,832	2,888	9
Metropolitan Police	170,891	188,421	29,138	31,837	200,029	220,258	20,229	10
Norfolk	13,177	10,011 <sup>(4)</sup>	3,064	2,205 <sup>(4)</sup>	16,241	12,216 <sup>(4)</sup>	*	*
Northamptonshire	13,345	12,805	2,727	2,314	16,072	15,119	-953	-6
Northumbria	43,184	48,731	10,132	11,832	53,316	60,563	7,247	14
North Yorkshire	16,321 <sup>(3)</sup>	15,074	3,888 <sup>(3)</sup>	3,662	20,209 <sup>(3)</sup>	18,736	-1,473	-7
Nottinghamshire	28,267	30,357	6,083	6,443	34,350	36,800	2,450	7
South Yorkshire	31,148	31,815	6,950	6,602	38,098	38,417	319	1
Staffordshire	19,437 <sup>(5)</sup>	6,362 <sup>(6)</sup>	4,031 <sup>(5)</sup>	1,242 <sup>(6)</sup>	23,468 <sup>(5)</sup>	7,604 <sup>(6)</sup>	*	*
Suffolk	11,104	11,029	2,246	2,185	13,350	13,214	-136	-1
Surrey	14,980	15,164	3,509	3,348	18,489	18,512	23	0
Sussex	30,272	31,117	7,095	6,856	37,367	37,973	606	2
Thames Valley	49,350	51,063	10,519	10,233	59,869	61,296	1,427	2
Warwickshire	8,255	9,876	1,461	1,845	9,716	11,721	2,005	21
West Mercia	19,818	20,333	4,313	4,438	24,131	24,771	640	3
West Midlands	53,426	52,581	11,587	12,028	65,013	64,609	-404	-1
West Yorkshire	74,784	75,179	17,847	17,709	92,631	92,888	257	0
Wiltshire	7,730	6,702	1,739	1,278	9,469	7,980	-1,489	-16
Dyfed-Powys	10,448	11,104	2,196	2,375	12,644	13,479	835	7
Gwent	13,605	13,340	2,370	2,499	15,975	15,839	-136	-1
North Wales	15,627	19,488	3,251	3,890	18,878	23,378	4,500	24
South Wales	32,140	30,767	6,951	6,498	39,091	37,265	-1,826	-5
<b>England and Wales<sup>(7)</sup></b>	<b>1,182,100</b>	<b>1,230,700</b>	<b>247,700</b>	<b>251,500</b>	<b>1,429,800</b>	<b>1,482,200</b>	<b>52,400</b>	<b>4</b>

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Estimated figures from force.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(5) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase).

(6) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(7) Estimated (see note 1).

\* Unable to compute due to incomplete data.

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A2 Number and proportion of persons arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by police force area, sex and age group**

Police force area	Total arrests [=100%]	Males										Females										Total ages	Age unknown	Total ages										
		Aged 10-17					Aged 18-20					Aged 21 and over					Aged 10-17								Aged 18-20					Aged 21 and over				
		under 10	10-17	18-20	Aged 21 and over	Total ages	under 10	10-17	18-20	Aged 21 and over	Total ages	under 10	10-17	18-20	Aged 21 and over	Total ages	under 10	10-17	18-20	Aged 21 and over	Total ages				under 10	10-17	18-20	Aged 21 and over	Total ages					
Avon and Somerset	33,740	0	19	13	51	0	83	0	5	2	9	0	17	0	25	15	60	0	100															
Bedfordshire	15,814	0	18	13	53	0	83	0	4	2	10	0	17	0	22	15	63	0	100															
Cambridgeshire	18,692	0	19	13	50	0	82	0	5	3	10	0	18	0	24	16	60	0	100															
Cheshire	21,575	0	17	14	52	0	83	0	4	2	11	0	17	0	21	16	63	0	100															
Cleveland	21,733	0	15	15	51	2	83	0	3	3	11	0	17	0	18	17	63	2	100															
Cumbria	13,458	0	20	15	48	0	83	0	4	2	10	0	17	0	24	17	58	0	100															
Derbyshire	21,029	0	19	14	52	0	84	0	5	2	9	0	16	0	23	16	61	0	100															
Devon and Cornwall	29,282	0	16	13	55	0	84	0	5	2	9	0	16	0	21	15	64	0	100															
Dorset	18,510	0	17	13	53	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	22	15	63	0	100															
Durham	25,294	0	20	14	47	0	82	0	5	3	11	0	18	0	25	17	58	0	100															
Essex <sup>(1)</sup>	33,782	0	20	12	51	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	25	14	61	1	100															
Gloucestershire	15,415	0	18	13	50	0	81	0	5	3	11	0	19	0	23	16	61	0	100															
Greater Manchester	89,510	0	21	13	48	0	82	0	5	2	10	0	18	0	26	15	59	0	100															
Hampshire	45,315	0	21	13	47	0	82	0	6	2	10	0	18	0	27	16	57	0	100															
Hertfordshire	22,882	0	19	14	50	0	83	0	6	2	10	0	17	0	25	16	59	0	100															
Humber	23,917	0	19	14	51	0	84	0	5	2	9	0	16	0	24	16	60	0	100															
Kent	42,056	0	20	13	50	0	83	0	5	2	9	0	17	0	25	16	59	0	100															
Lancashire	51,281	0	24	13	46	0	84	0	5	2	9	0	16	0	29	15	56	0	100															
Leicestershire	23,638	0	18	14	54	0	86	0	4	2	9	0	14	0	22	16	62	0	100															
Lincolnshire <sup>(2)</sup>	9,037	0	14	15	56	1	85	0	3	2	2	0	15	0	17	17	65	1	100															
London, City of	4,489	0	7	9	71	0	87	0	1	2	10	0	13	0	8	10	81	0	100															
Merseyside	36,832	0	21	13	48	0	83	0	5	2	11	0	17	0	26	15	59	0	100															
Metropolitan Police	220,258	0	19	12	54	0	86	0	4	2	9	0	14	0	23	14	63	0	100															
Norfolk <sup>(3)</sup>	12,216	0	14	12	55	0	82	0	4	2	11	0	18	0	18	15	67	0	100															
Northamptonshire	15,119	0	21	14	50	0	85	0	4	2	9	0	15	0	25	16	58	0	100															
Northumbria	60,563	0	22	13	46	0	80	0	7	2	11	0	20	0	28	16	56	0	100															
North Yorkshire	18,736	0	16	14	50	0	80	0	6	3	11	0	20	0	22	17	61	0	100															
Nottinghamshire	36,800	0	18	13	51	0	82	0	5	2	10	0	18	0	23	16	61	0	100															
South Yorkshire	38,417	0	19	13	51	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	23	15	61	0	100															
Staffordshire <sup>(4)</sup>	7,604	0	19	15	50	0	84	0	4	2	10	0	16	0	23	16	60	0	100															
Suffolk	13,214	0	20	15	49	0	83	0	5	2	9	0	17	0	25	17	57	0	100															
Surrey	18,512	0	20	13	49	0	82	0	5	2	10	0	18	0	25	16	59	0	100															
Sussex	37,973	0	19	12	51	0	82	0	5	2	11	0	18	0	24	14	62	0	100															
Thames Valley	61,296	0	18	14	51	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	23	16	61	0	100															
Warwickshire	11,721	0	17	14	53	0	84	0	4	2	9	0	16	0	21	17	62	0	100															
West Merca	24,771	0	20	13	49	0	82	0	6	3	10	0	18	0	25	16	59	0	100															
West Midlands	64,609	0	15	12	54	0	81	0	5	2	12	0	19	0	19	15	66	0	100															
West Yorkshire	92,888	0	20	12	48	0	81	0	6	2	11	0	19	0	26	15	59	0	100															
Wiltshire	7,890	0	15	13	55	0	84	0	5	2	9	0	16	0	20	16	64	0	100															
Wiltshire	13,479	0	20	14	49	0	82	0	5	3	9	0	18	0	25	17	58	0	100															
Wiltshire	15,839	0	20	16	48	1	84	0	4	2	9	0	16	0	25	18	56	1	100															
North Wales	23,378	0	18	16	49	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	23	18	59	0	100															
South Wales	37,265	0	17	14	52	0	83	0	4	2	11	0	17	0	21	17	62	0	100															
<b>England and Wales</b>	<b>1,482,200</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	0	19	13	51	0	83	0	5	2	10	0	17	0	24	15	61	0	100															

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(5) Estimated (see note 1).

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A3 Number and proportion of persons of all ages arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by police force area and offence group**

England and Wales 2006/07											Number and percentages
Police force area	Total notifiable offences [=100%]	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Robbery	Burglary	Theft and handling stolen goods	Fraud and forgery	Criminal damage	Drugs offences	Other offences	
Avon and Somerset	33,740	32	2	2	7	26	2	13	5	10	
Bedfordshire	15,814	39	2	2	6	26	5	10	3	6	
Cambridgeshire	18,692	31	2	2	6	25	2	11	5	17	
Cheshire	21,575	42	2	1	7	24	1	11	4	7	
Cleveland	21,733	33	1	2	11	26	1	12	5	9	
Cumbria	13,458	32	2	1	7	23	2	16	7	10	
Derbyshire	21,029	44	3	2	7	20	2	13	4	4	
Devon and Cornwall	29,282	42	3	1	6	20	1	13	6	8	
Dorset	18,510	30	3	1	6	23	3	12	6	16	
Durham	25,294	25	2	1	7	16	1	13	3	33	
Essex <sup>(1)</sup>	33,782	23	1	1	5	20	2	11	3	34	
Gloucestershire	15,415	42	2	2	6	22	2	12	4	7	
Greater Manchester	89,510	31	2	4	8	25	1	10	5	14	
Hampshire	45,315	42	3	2	6	21	1	11	4	10	
Hertfordshire	22,882	41	2	2	6	22	3	12	7	5	
Humberside	23,917	27	2	2	8	19	1	9	5	27	
Kent	42,056	24	2	2	7	24	2	13	5	20	
Lancashire	51,281	34	1	1	8	27	3	16	6	4	
Leicestershire	23,638	25	3	3	7	20	1	9	4	28	
Lincolnshire <sup>(2)</sup>	9,037	24	2	1	5	21	1	10	3	33	
London, City of	4,489	27	1	1	3	37	14	4	9	4	
Merseyside	36,832	34	2	3	8	25	2	10	11	6	
Metropolitan Police	220,258	28	2	7	6	24	3	8	9	12	
Norfolk <sup>(3)</sup>	12,216	26	2	1	5	23	2	10	6	26	
Northamptonshire	15,119	32	2	4	10	24	2	11	4	12	
Northumbria	60,563	34	2	1	6	26	3	15	7	6	
North Yorkshire	18,736	40	2	1	7	24	3	11	6	6	
Nottinghamshire	36,800	25	2	2	8	23	1	10	5	25	
South Yorkshire	38,417	37	2	2	8	25	2	12	6	6	
Staffordshire <sup>(4)</sup>	7,604	40	3	1	8	21	1	14	3	9	
Suffolk	13,214	41	3	2	6	21	2	13	6	5	
Surrey	18,512	43	2	2	6	20	3	11	5	8	
Sussex	37,973	34	2	2	7	22	2	12	5	14	
Thames Valley	61,296	29	2	3	6	21	1	11	8	18	
Warwickshire	11,721	40	2	2	7	22	0	11	3	13	
West Mercia	24,771	39	3	2	7	23	2	12	5	8	
West Midlands	64,609	41	1	2	4	24	2	11	6	9	
West Yorkshire	92,888	29	2	3	8	23	1	12	5	17	
Wiltshire	7,980	33	2	2	9	26	2	14	5	6	
Dyfed-Powys	13,479	37	3	1	7	20	2	19	10	1	
Gwent	15,839	42	2	1	8	22	1	14	5	5	
North Wales	23,378	38	2	1	6	17	2	13	6	14	
South Wales	37,265	37	2	2	7	22	2	11	6	12	
<b>England and Wales</b>	<b>1,482,200<sup>(5)</sup></b>	<b>33</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>13</b>	

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(5) Estimated (see note 1).

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A4 Number and proportion of persons aged 10-17 arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by police force area and offence group**

England and Wales 2006/07										Number and percentages
Police force area	Total notifiable offences [=100%]	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Robbery	Burglary	Theft and handling stolen goods	Fraud and forgery	Criminal damage	Drugs offences	Other offences
Avon and Somerset	8,288	23	1	4	9	31	1	19	4	8
Bedfordshire	3,489	30	1	6	10	30	1	16	3	3
Cambridgeshire	4,466	25	1	3	10	30	0	16	3	11
Cheshire	4,540	33	2	2	11	27	1	16	2	6
Cleveland	3,945	24	1	3	14	29	0	19	2	8
Cumbria	3,259	26	1	1	10	25	0	24	3	9
Derbyshire	4,864	36	2	5	10	23	1	19	2	3
Devon and Cornwall	6,100	31	2	2	9	30	1	19	3	5
Dorset	4,074	25	1	1	8	27	1	20	3	14
Durham	6,259	24	1	1	10	19	0	22	2	21
Essex <sup>(1)</sup>	8,336	22	1	2	8	27	1	20	2	17
Gloucestershire	3,553	31	1	3	9	29	0	21	2	4
Greater Manchester	23,117	24	1	7	12	27	0	15	3	10
Hampshire	12,332	32	2	3	8	27	0	17	2	8
Hertfordshire	5,697	29	1	3	8	30	1	18	4	4
Humberside	5,661	19	2	4	12	25	0	13	2	23
Kent	10,592	17	2	3	10	28	1	22	2	15
Lancashire	14,969	30	1	2	10	27	1	25	2	3
Leicestershire	5,138	18	2	6	12	25	0	15	2	18
Lincolnshire <sup>(2)</sup>	1,550	21	2	1	7	30	0	16	2	21
London, City of	381	17	0	6	3	44	7	8	8	7
Merseyside	9,502	30	1	4	12	26	1	15	8	4
Metropolitan Police	50,384	17	1	19	8	27	1	12	6	9
Norfolk <sup>(3)</sup>	2,258	22	2	1	8	35	0	15	3	14
Northamptonshire	3,803	23	1	7	16	29	0	15	2	8
Northumbria	17,188	31	1	2	6	27	1	24	4	4
North Yorkshire	4,090	30	2	2	10	31	1	18	4	4
Nottinghamshire	8,608	22	1	4	12	28	0	16	3	14
South Yorkshire	8,978	28	1	5	11	30	0	17	3	5
Staffordshire <sup>(4)</sup>	1,767	31	2	2	11	27	0	18	0	7
Suffolk	3,339	31	2	3	11	27	1	19	3	3
Surrey	4,608	33	2	3	9	25	1	18	3	6
Sussex	9,033	27	1	3	10	27	0	18	3	10
Thames Valley	13,895	22	1	5	10	27	0	17	5	12
Warwickshire	2,476	31	2	3	10	26	0	18	2	10
West Mercia	6,272	33	2	3	9	27	0	18	2	6
West Midlands	12,342	34	0	5	5	28	1	19	4	4
West Yorkshire	24,401	23	1	5	11	25	0	19	2	13
Wiltshire	1,603	19	1	3	15	32	0	20	4	5
Dyfed-Powys	3,349	28	2	1	10	26	1	27	5	1
Gwent	3,884	34	1	2	12	25	0	20	3	4
North Wales	5,442	31	1	1	9	22	1	20	3	11
South Wales	7,798	29	1	3	11	29	1	17	3	7
<b>England and Wales</b>	<b>353,300</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	<b>25</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(5) Estimated (see note 1).

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A5 Number and proportion of persons aged 18-20 arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by police force area and offence group**

England and Wales 2006/07										
										Number and percentages
Police force area	Total notifiable offences [=100%]	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Robbery	Burglary	Theft and handling stolen goods	Fraud and forgery	Criminal damage	Drug offences	Other
Avon and Somerset	5,131	30	2	2	7	23	2	16	5	13
Bedfordshire	2,362	38	2	3	7	25	3	11	5	7
Cambridgeshire	2,944	27	1	3	8	25	1	12	4	19
Cheshire	3,490	41	1	2	8	21	1	13	3	10
Cleveland	3,771	32	1	3	10	25	1	14	4	11
Cumbria	2,324	33	1	1	8	21	2	19	6	9
Derbyshire	3,293	43	2	3	8	20	2	15	3	5
Devon and Cornwall	4,482	42	2	2	7	17	1	15	5	10
Dorset	2,813	28	2	2	6	19	2	15	6	22
Durham	4,254	24	2	1	6	15	0	14	2	35
Essex <sup>(1)</sup>	4,770	21	1	2	5	20	1	11	5	35
Gloucestershire	2,404	43	1	2	7	20	1	15	4	6
Greater Manchester	13,450	30	1	6	9	22	0	10	6	16
Hampshire	7,070	39	2	2	6	20	1	13	4	12
Hertfordshire	3,576	40	1	3	7	18	3	13	9	7
Humberside	3,899	24	1	2	9	20	0	10	4	28
Kent	6,534	23	2	3	8	24	2	14	5	20
Lancashire	7,599	36	1	1	6	24	2	19	8	4
Leicestershire	3,732	23	1	4	7	20	1	10	5	29
Lincolnshire <sup>(2)</sup>	1,522	22	2	1	5	20	1	12	3	34
London, City of	461	33	0	2	3	32	10	6	11	4
Merseyside	5,474	32	1	3	9	23	2	9	14	7
Metropolitan Police	30,010	24	1	9	7	24	3	7	11	13
Norfolk <sup>(3)</sup>	1,792	25	1	2	5	22	1	12	7	24
Northamptonshire	2,468	28	1	5	8	25	1	13	4	14
Northumbria	9,388	34	1	2	6	23	3	17	9	6
North Yorkshire	3,156	39	2	1	8	22	2	14	5	8
Nottinghamshire	5,724	23	1	3	9	20	1	11	6	25
South Yorkshire	5,854	37	2	3	8	23	2	14	5	7
Staffordshire <sup>(4)</sup>	1,238	39	2	1	8	17	1	19	3	11
Suffolk	2,246	41	1	2	7	22	2	13	7	6
Surrey	2,889	40	1	2	6	19	1	12	7	10
Sussex	5,491	32	2	2	7	21	2	14	6	14
Thames Valley	9,630	28	2	4	7	19	1	12	10	17
Warwickshire	1,937	39	2	2	8	21	0	13	3	11
West Mercia	3,966	38	2	2	8	21	1	14	5	8
West Midlands	9,532	38	1	4	5	23	2	12	8	8
West Yorkshire	13,589	26	1	4	10	22	1	13	6	17
Wiltshire	1,243	25	2	4	10	27	1	16	6	8
Dyfed-Powys	2,268	34	1	0	9	20	1	22	11	1
Gwent	2,848	41	1	2	8	21	1	14	6	6
North Wales	4,217	36	1	1	6	17	1	15	6	17
South Wales	6,226	35	1	2	7	23	1	12	6	12
<b>England and Wales</b>	<b>226,000</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	<b>31</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>14</b>

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(5) Estimated (see note 1).

Arrests for Recorded Crime (Notifiable Offences) and the Operation of Certain Police Powers under PACE, England and Wales, 2006/07

**Table A6 Number and proportion of persons aged 21 and over arrested for recorded crime (notifiable offences) by police force area and offence group**

England and Wales 2006/07										
Number and percentages										
Police force area	Total notifiable offences [=100%]	Violence against the person	Sexual offences	Robbery	Burglary	Theft and handling stolen goods	Fraud and forgery	Criminal damage	Drug offences	Other offences
Avon and Somerset	20,317	36	3	2	6	25	2	10	6	10
Bedfordshire	9,963	42	2	1	5	24	6	8	3	7
Cambridgeshire	11,272	34	2	1	4	23	3	8	6	19
Cheshire	13,531	45	3	1	6	23	2	9	4	7
Cleveland	13,616	35	2	1	11	26	1	9	7	8
Cumbria	7,827	35	2	1	6	22	3	12	9	11
Derbyshire	12,840	48	4	1	6	18	3	10	5	5
Devon and Cornwall	18,684	45	4	1	5	18	2	10	8	8
Dorset	11,596	32	4	1	5	22	4	9	7	16
Durham	14,656	25	2	1	6	15	1	9	4	37
Essex <sup>(1)</sup>	20,469	24	2	1	3	17	2	7	4	41
Gloucestershire	9,451	46	3	1	5	20	3	9	4	9
Greater Manchester	52,571	34	3	2	7	25	1	8	5	15
Hampshire	25,864	48	4	1	4	18	1	9	5	10
Hertfordshire	13,597	46	3	1	4	20	4	9	8	6
Humberside	14,316	31	3	1	6	17	1	7	6	28
Kent	24,819	28	3	1	6	22	3	10	6	22
Lancashire	28,503	36	2	1	7	28	3	10	8	4
Leicestershire	14,717	28	3	1	5	18	2	7	5	30
Lincolnshire <sup>(2)</sup>	5,850	24	2	0	4	19	1	8	4	36
London, City of	3,631	27	1	0	3	37	15	3	9	4
Merseyside	21,846	36	2	2	7	26	3	7	11	6
Metropolitan Police	138,959	33	3	2	5	23	4	7	9	12
Norfolk <sup>(3)</sup>	8,127	27	3	1	4	20	2	8	6	29
Northamptonshire	8,804	37	3	2	8	21	2	9	5	12
Northumbria	33,983	36	3	1	5	26	4	11	9	6
North Yorkshire	11,472	44	3	1	5	22	4	8	6	6
Nottinghamshire	22,440	27	2	1	6	21	1	7	6	29
South Yorkshire	23,571	40	3	1	7	24	2	9	7	7
Staffordshire <sup>(4)</sup>	4,597	43	4	1	8	20	2	10	4	9
Suffolk	7,586	46	4	1	4	19	3	10	7	6
Surrey	11,014	48	3	1	5	18	3	8	5	8
Sussex	23,426	37	3	1	5	20	2	10	6	16
Thames Valley	37,599	33	3	1	5	19	2	8	8	21
Warwickshire	7,267	44	2	1	6	21	0	8	4	14
West Mercia	14,533	42	3	1	5	22	3	9	5	9
West Midlands	42,680	43	1	1	4	23	2	8	6	10
West Yorkshire	54,865	33	3	1	6	22	2	9	6	19
Wiltshire	5,129	40	2	1	8	24	2	12	5	6
Dyfed-Powys	7,860	42	4	0	5	18	3	14	12	2
Gwent	8,912	45	2	1	7	21	2	12	6	5
North Wales	13,699	42	3	1	5	16	2	9	8	15
South Wales	23,205	40	2	1	6	19	2	9	7	13
<b>England and Wales</b>	<b>899,200</b> <sup>(5)</sup>	<b>36</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>14</b>

(1) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, the figures shown do not include all police divisions.

(2) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody and case preparation application system the force were unable to supply data for quarters 3 and 4.

(3) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody system the force were unable to supply data for quarter 2.

(4) Due to technical problems with the introduction of the NSPIS custody computer system, for quarters 1 and 2, the figures shown exclude certain police divisions (Trent Valley and Chase). The force were unable to provide data for quarters 3 and 4.

(5) Estimated (see note 1).

**Table P1 Searches of persons or vehicles under section 1 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and other legislation, and resultant arrests, by police force area and reason for search/arrest**

Police force area	Searches made by reason for search							Arrests made by reason for arrest							Total	
	Stolen property	Drugs	Firearms	Offensive weapons	Going equipped	Criminal damage	Other <sup>(1)</sup>	Total	Stolen property	Drugs	Firearms	Offensive weapons	Going equipped	Criminal damage		Other <sup>(1)</sup>
Avon and Somerset <sup>(2)</sup>	2,948	6,458	113	582	894	-	1,126	14,866	377	569	12	86	104	-	81	1,524
Bedfordshire	1,526	1,272	58	942	79	32	555	4,464	317	144	15	174	15	5	59	729
Cambridgeshire	2,020	3,873	108	822	1,350	285	397	8,855	259	262	16	99	100	20	38	794
Cheshire	2,046	869	34	1,228	1,167	241	615	6,200	632	86	5	459	148	42	170	1,542
Cleveland	2,457	4,193	105	1,090	4,242	53	26	12,166	710	472	18	379	565	16	8	2,168
Cumbria	2,321	2,887	105	847	694	811	618	8,283	397	271	10	87	32	63	70	930
Derbyshire	2,367	3,035	165	682	1,208	328	758	8,543	239	211	23	74	58	11	215	831
Devon and Cornwall	4,205	6,178	434	1,779	2,705	218	10,667	26,186	555	474	16	104	23	168	1,055	2,395
Dorset	1,579	3,318	111	554	655	420	-	6,637	237	355	14	77	68	25	-	776
Durham	1,177	2,058	83	803	1,311	451	2,479	8,362	223	242	8	149	84	61	257	1,024
Essex	1,956	3,128	164	963	1,035	817	723	8,786	343	270	13	109	87	75	82	979
Gloucestershire	1,200	2,110	64	436	595	279	107	4,791	153	180	10	49	41	31	11	475
Greater Manchester	13,061	15,224	841	3,642	7,357	922	2,523	43,570	1,009	1,136	123	502	328	181	1,620	4,899
Hampshire	4,475	9,355	266	2,052	2,992	915	785	20,840	511	674	-	192	121	80	441	2,019
Hertfordshire	1,232	4,207	146	814	877	250	3,046	10,572	115	142	16	58	36	4	425	796
Humberside	2,608	2,664	102	1,196	1,858	317	971	9,716	318	315	17	122	89	34	203	1,098
Kent	3,680	5,916	186	1,016	1,323	1,047	702	13,870	399	322	38	120	75	-	404	1,358
Lancashire	6,272	5,843	340	2,035	2,222	729	378	17,819	998	754	38	305	201	74	67	2,437
Leicestershire	6,696	9,533	322	1,727	2,560	667	344	21,849	383	292	24	104	57	43	458	1,361
Lincs	2,560	2,421	288	800	1,153	344	1,259	8,925	238	187	17	92	85	166	623	1,408
London, City of	3,932	22,676	761	2,707	3,028	1,847	2,138	37,489	654	3,595	60	322	130	15	1,111	5,887
Merseyside	70,048	163,637	4,469	41,549	30,396	7,982	5,767	323,848	6,261	11,015	505	3,235	1,395	464	14,302	37,177
Metropolitan Police	1,862	4,040	123	721	1,301	456	6	8,509	268	339	11	95	95	27	-	835
Norfolk	2,319	2,977	106	1,573	3,663	1,342	983	12,973	487	301	13	229	424	110	95	1,659
Northamptonshire	8,953	9,032	350	4,068	5,709	2,261	3,026	33,399	1,395	1,489	44	675	425	290	343	4,661
Northumbria	2,975	3,227	140	1,202	1,795	423	777	10,539	367	291	14	127	118	26	40	983
North Yorkshire	1,775	4,173	144	987	1,616	88	535	9,318	304	414	12	147	110	19	188	1,194
Nottinghamshire	4,725	8,610	331	1,877	3,071	1,365	149	20,128	553	536	28	186	151	118	3	1,575
South Yorkshire	3,884	7,055	154	1,868	2,889	-	3,468	19,318	623	646	9	218	222	-	849	2,567
Staffordshire	1,085	2,385	111	387	-	168	58	4,194	136	173	14	53	-	7	6	389
Suffolk	2,885	4,702	111	768	1,086	1,181	2,299	13,032	356	315	8	88	33	128	518	1,446
Sussex	2,750	4,012	118	779	1,243	-	6,427	15,329	339	319	12	116	119	-	991	1,896
Thames Valley	5,637	16,080	168	2,141	3,339	188	1,001	28,554	392	1,330	22	199	133	59	670	2,805
Warwickshire	1,366	2,147	75	551	655	236	153	5,183	124	158	6	50	18	13	65	434
West Midlands	2,946	5,282	166	1,506	1,335	539	158	11,932	611	587	19	191	144	47	45	1,644
West Midlands	4,776	12,479	543	2,857	6,479	-	-	27,125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,531
West Yorkshire	13,124	17,751	539	3,373	7,906	5,123	15,764	63,580	1,769	1,644	101	528	739	379	1,262	6,422
Wiltshire	1,106	2,074	70	317	529	189	108	4,393	137	240	6	45	31	12	61	532
Dyfed Powys	833	4,086	65	140	36	108	3,437	8,705	182	514	13	54	20	56	546	1,385
Gwent	1,159	2,560	99	433	748	311	484	5,794	188	205	8	71	51	22	33	578
North Wales	3,268	5,192	181	1,240	1,984	58	2,497	14,420	618	850	41	260	222	16	286	2,293
South Wales	3,227	5,641	131	1,036	1,662	789	1,676	14,162	614	529	23	238	138	105	189	1,836
<b>Total</b>	<b>213,694</b>	<b>406,451</b>	<b>13,041</b>	<b>96,320</b>	<b>117,608</b>	<b>33,841</b>	<b>79,197</b>	<b>962,897</b>	<b>25,099</b>	<b>33,030</b>	<b>1,410</b>	<b>10,488</b>	<b>7,085</b>	<b>3,022</b>	<b>30,707</b>	<b>111,136</b>

(1) See note 8.

(2) For quarter 4 force are unable to provide a breakdown by reason for search and arrest, therefore the individual components do not add to the totals.

.. Not available.

**Table P2 Searches of persons or vehicles under section 60 of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 and resultant arrests**

England and Wales 2006/07		Numbers		
Police force area	Stops and searches in anticipation of violence			
	Searches	Number of persons found to be carrying offensive weapons or dangerous instruments	Arrests for offensive weapons	Arrests for other reasons
Avon and Somerset	238	4	4	4
Bedfordshire	323	234	5	2
Cambridgeshire	37	3	3	-
Cheshire	267	17	1	1
Cleveland	-	-	-	-
Cumbria	88	1	1	1
Derbyshire	184	-	1	9
Devon and Cornwall	75	-	-	-
Dorset	42	13	1	-
Durham	15	-	1	-
Essex	663	-	-	8
Gloucestershire	95	3	2	-
Greater Manchester	2,793	9	9	42
Hampshire	433	7	7	4
Hertfordshire	204	24	5	8
Humberside	327	4	4	4
Kent	287	2	2	-
Lancashire	402	6	3	8
Leicestershire	744	-	8	7
Lincolnshire	17	1	1	8
London, City of	32	-	-	1
Merseyside	11,034	150	41	464
Metropolitan Police	16,917	136	93	528
Norfolk	35	-	-	-
Northamptonshire	690	7	2	13
Northumbria	865	10	12	51
North Yorkshire	8	-	-	-
Nottinghamshire	704	53	25	14
South Yorkshire	348	5	6	14
Staffordshire	-	-	-	-
Suffolk	8	-	-	8
Surrey	60	-	-	4
Sussex	218	-	1	9
Thames Valley	433	8	8	3
Warwickshire	1	-	-	-
West Mercia	191	3	2	2
West Midlands	5,212	..	..	145
West Yorkshire	426	16	2	3
Wiltshire	42	2	1	2
Dyfed Powys	8	3	3	-
Gwent	30	2	-	-
North Wales	162	1	2	2
South Wales	49	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,707</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>1,369</b>

.. Not available.

**Table P3 Searches of vehicles and occupants under section 44(1) and searches of pedestrians under section 44(2) of the Terrorism Act 2000 and resultant arrests, by police force area**

Police force area	Stops and searches of vehicles and occupants under 44(1)		Stops and searches of pedestrians under 44(2)		Numbers
	Searches	Resultant arrests	Searches	Resultant arrests	
Avon and Somerset	-	-	3	-	-
Bedfordshire	29	-	-	-	-
Cambridgeshire	-	-	-	-	-
Cheshire	3	1	2	-	-
Cleveland	-	-	-	-	-
Cumbria	-	-	-	-	-
Derbyshire	-	-	-	-	-
Devon and Cornwall	-	-	1	-	-
Dorset	-	-	14	-	-
Durham	-	-	-	-	-
Essex	392	3	60	5	5
Gloucestershire	2	-	2	-	-
Greater Manchester	-	-	8	1	1
Hampshire	1,764	9	801	2	2
Hertfordshire	-	-	-	-	-
Humberside	-	-	-	-	-
Kent	8	-	21	1	1
Lancashire	-	-	-	-	-
Leicestershire	-	-	2	-	-
Lincolnshire	1	-	2	-	-
London, City of	1,813	25	425	18	18
Merseyside	1	-	-	-	-
Metropolitan Police	18,586	162	10,939	172	172
Norfolk	1	-	3	-	-
Norhamptonshire	2	-	-	-	-
Northumbria	1	-	38	-	-
North Yorkshire	207	4	1	-	-
Nottinghamshire	2	-	-	-	-
South Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-
Staffordshire	-	-	-	-	-
Suffolk	-	-	-	-	-
Surrey	1,933	32	315	11	11
Sussex	-	-	-	-	-
Thames Valley	63	1	55	2	2
Warwickshire	3	-	-	-	-
West Mercia	1	-	1	-	-
West Midlands	-	-	-	-	-
West Yorkshire	66	14	7	-	-
Wiltshire	-	-	1	-	-
Dyfed Powys	-	-	-	-	-
Gwent	-	-	-	-	-
North Wales	76	-	1	-	-
South Wales	3,258	10	1,010	7	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>28,212</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>13,712</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>219</b>

**Table P4 Road checks under section 4 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, by police force area, reason for road check and result**

Police force area	Total road checks	To ascertain whether a vehicle was carrying a person who:				Number of road checks	Number of vehicles stopped	Number of roads obstructed	Numbers	
		Had committed an indictable offence	Had witnessed an indictable offence	Was intending to commit an indictable offence	Was unlawfully at large				Number of arrests resulting	
									Connected with the reason for the road check	Not connected with the reason for the road check
Avon and Somerset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bedfordshire	4	1	3	-	-	260 (1)	4	5	-	-
Cambridgeshire	1	-	1	-	-	50	1	-	-	-
Cheshire	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cleveland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumbria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derbyshire	1	-	1	-	-	43	1	-	-	-
Devon and Cornwall	1	-	1	-	-	24	1	-	-	-
Dorset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Durham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gloucestershire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greater Manchester	2	-	2	-	-	9	2	-	-	-
Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hertfordshire	1	1	-	-	-	98	1	-	-	-
Humbly Grove	3	3	-	-	-	31	3	-	-	-
Lancashire	1	-	-	1	-	212	-	37	2	-
Leicestershire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincolnshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
London, City of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Merseyside	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metropolitan Police	8	-	8	-	-	3,020 (2)	11 (2)	- (2)	- (2)	- (2)
Norfolk	1	-	1	-	-	..	1	-	-	-
Northamptonshire	2	-	2	-	-	193	2	-	-	-
Northumbria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nottinghamshire	1	-	1	-	-	213	1	-	-	1
South Yorkshire	6	1	5	-	-	1,871	9	7	6	-
Staffordshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Suffolk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surrey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sussex	3	-	3	-	-	273	3	-	-	-
Thames Valley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warwickshire	1	-	1	-	-	317	1	-	-	-
West Mercia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Midlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wiltshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dyfed Powys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gwent	1	-	1	-	-	300	1	-	-	1
North Wales	1	-	1	-	-	77	1	-	-	-
South Wales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6,991</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>

(1) Covers three road checks only. Number of vehicles stopped for fourth road check is not known.  
 (2) Covers seven road checks only. Numbers of vehicles stopped, roads obstructed or resultant arrests for eighth road check are not known.  
 .. Not available.

**Table P5 Persons detained for more than 24 hours under Part IV of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, as amended<sup>(1)</sup>, by police force area**

Police force area	Total	Police detention			Detained under warrant of further detention	Warrants of further detention			Not charged	
		Over 24 & up to 36 hours		Indictable offences		Applied for	Refused	Total		Charged
		Indictable offences	More than 36 hours							
Persons detained for more than 24 hours and subsequently released										
Granted										
Avon and Somerset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bedfordshire	47	43	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	
Cambridgeshire	7	6	7	1	1	7	6	1	1	
Cheshire	98	97	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cleveland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cumbria	33	32	1	-	1	5	4	3	1	
Derbyshire	68	68	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	
Devon and Cornwall	2	-	-	2	2	5	3	3	2	
Dorset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Durham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Essex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gloucestershire	55	47	2	6	6	17	11	6	6	
Greater Manchester	298	242	3	53	53	150	150	97	53	
Hampshire	100	54	13	33	33	83	83	50	33	
Hertfordshire	1	1	-	-	-	10	10	10	-	
Humberside	202	202	-	-	-	16	14	14	-	
Kent	75	60	3	12	12	27	27	15	12	
Lancashire	76	68	1	7	7	32	32	25	7	
Leicestershire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lincolnshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
London, City of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Merseyside	46	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Metropolitan Police	236	230	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Norfolk	56	54	2	-	-	2	2	2	-	
Northamptonshire	203	90	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Northumbria	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Yorkshire	17	12	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nottinghamshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Yorkshire	48	37	4	7	7	28	28	21	7	
Staffordshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Suffolk	50	50	-	-	-	7	7	7	-	
Surrey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sussex	57	53	2	2	2	14	14	12	2	
Thames Valley	61	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Warwickshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
West Mercia	109	99	-	10	10	31	31	21	10	
West Midlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
West Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wiltshire	4	2	-	2	2	3	3	1	2	
Dyfed Powys	63	43	16	4	4	27	26	22	4	
Gwent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Wales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South Wales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	2,013	1,697	175	141	141	470	466	325	141	

(1) As from 20 January 2004 new provisions introduced to Part IV of PACE (see note 11).  
.. Not available.

**Table P6 Persons detained for whom a warrant of further detention issued by a magistrate was granted, by period of warrant and time in custody under warrant**

Year	Total period of magistrates' warrant including any extensions (following police detention)					Number
	Up to 12 hours (totalling up to 48 hours)	Over 12 and up to 24 hours (totalling up to 60 hours)	Over 24 and up to 36 hours (totalling up to 72 hours)	Over 36 and up to 48 hours (totalling up to 84 hours)	Over 48 and up to 60 hours (totalling up to 96 hours)	
1994	17	35	103	22	69	246
1995	20	29	85	19	61	214
1996	11	61	62	27	102	263
1997/98	45	76	115	32	69	337
1998/99	15	44	80	26	73	238
1999/00	14	39	65	20	85	223
2000/01	14	72	120	26	87	319
2001/02	10	77	102	28	100	317
2002/03	8	45	127	19	95	294
2003/04 <sup>(1)</sup>	20	39	102	33	110	304
2004/05	4	37	215	35	124	415
2005/06	13	53	198	50	174	488 <sup>(2)</sup>
2006/07	54	45	234	32	98	463 <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>Of which in 2006/07:</b>						
<b>Time in custody under warrant issued by magistrate</b>						
Up to 12 hours (totalling up to 48 hours)	54	24	28	7	8	121
Over 12 and up to 24 hours (totalling up to 60 hours)	*	21	40	6	8	75
Over 24 and up to 36 hours (totalling up to 72 hours)	*	*	166	4	8	178
Over 36 and up to 48 hours (totalling up to 84 hours)	*	*	*	15	19	34
Over 48 and up to 60 hours (totalling up to 96 hours)	*	*	*	*	55	55

(1) As from 20 January 2004 new provisions introduced to Part IV of PACE (see note 11).

(2) Total figure does not agree with table P5 as breakdown of time in custody not available for West Midlands.

(3) Total figure does not agree with table P5 as breakdown of time in custody not available for Wiltshire.

**Table P7 Intimate searches made under section 55 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, by police force area, person conducting the search, reason for search and outcome**

Police force area	Total persons searched	Search conducted				Reasons for searches				Numbers
		By suitably qualified person	In presence of suitably qualified person	By police officer	Designated civilian detention officer	Drugs		Other harmful articles		
						Searches made	Class A drugs found	Searches made	Harmful articles found	
Avon and Somerset	3	1	-	2	-	2	1	-	1	-
Bedfordshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cambridgeshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cheshire	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cleveland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumbria	4	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Derbyshire	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Devon and Cornwall	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dorset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Durham	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gloucestershire	11	11	-	-	-	9	..	2	2	-
Greater Manchester	4	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	1	-
Hampshire	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
Hertfordshire	4	2	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Humberside	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Kent	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lancashire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leicestershire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincolnshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
London, City of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Merseyside	30 (1)	29	-	1	-	3 (1)	-	-	25 (1)	-
Metropolitan Police	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northamptonshire	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Northumbria	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
North Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nottinghamshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Yorkshire	4	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Staffordshire	3	2	-	-	1	2	-	1	-	-
Sussex	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Thames Valley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warwickshire	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
West Mercia	8	7	-	-	1	6	2	2	2	-
West Midlands	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	1
West Yorkshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wiltshire	14	14	-	-	-	13	-	1	-	-
Dyfed Powys	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gwent	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-
North Wales	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
South Wales	104	94	2	8	65	4	37	1	-	-
Total										

(1) In 2 cases the reason for search is unknown.

.. Not available.

## NOTES

### **ARRESTS for Notifiable Offences data quality**

1. The statistics of arrests for recorded crime (notifiable offences) are based on aggregated returns made by the police. Since 1998/99 detailed information on arrests by sex, age group, offence category and ethnicity has been requested from the forces. For 2006/07 Lincolnshire, Norfolk and Staffordshire have not been able to supply the information to the detail required. Estimates have therefore been made to provide national figures at age group and offence group level only.
2. The bulletin details arrests for 2006/07 by police force area and shows national comparisons from 1999/00 only (previous years data are too unreliable).
3. Where a person has been arrested for one or more recorded crimes on the same occasion the offence with the highest maximum penalty is recorded. A person will appear more than once in the tables if arrested on more than one occasion during the year. However, as with any data collection system, differences in recording practice (over time and across police force areas) can lead to an unknown degree of error.
4. Police recorded crimes are those crimes which are recorded by the police and notified to the Home Office. All indictable and triable-either-way offences are included together with a few closely associated summary offences. A breakdown of the recorded crime offence list can be found in Appendix 2 of the Home Office Statistical Bulletin, issue 11/07, 'Crime in England and Wales 2006/07'.
5. Figures on arrests for recorded crime are not strictly comparable with published Cautions and Court Proceedings data. This is mainly because the aggregated offence categories for notifiable offences do not directly compare with indictable (including triable-either-way) offence groups. In addition, Court Proceedings figures relate to the year of the final court decision, rather than the year of arrest, which may be different.

### **PACE data quality**

6. The statistics in this bulletin meet the requirements specified in the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 and are based on standard returns from each police force. As with any data collection system, differences in recording practice (over time and across police force areas) can lead to an unknown degree of error. As the police have become more familiar with PACE, the recording of stops and searches is likely to have become more complete, although some concerns remain. The use of other powers under PACE is generally infrequent and may lead to inadvertent failures to record these occurrences in the statistics.

## Stops and searches

7. A search for one type of article may result in a different category of article being found, and in this event, the reason for the arrest will be tabulated according to the type of article found. From April 1991 only one record needed to be completed if (i) a person is in a vehicle and both are searched, and (ii) the object and grounds for the search are the same (paragraph 4.6 of the PACE Codes of Practice, Revised Edition).

8. The powers to stop and search contained in section 1 of the Act added to some existing powers of this kind. Searches for drugs are still permitted by the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and those for firearms under the Firearms Act 1968. A provision extending to stop and search powers to include offences of criminal damage made under section 1 of the Criminal Damage Act 1971 was introduced, as from 20 January 2004, by section 1(2) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 inserting section 1(8) within PACE. The figures shown under "other" in Tables PA and P1 relate to searches under other powers, such as under the Prevention of Terrorism (Temporary Provisions) Act 1989, section 15 (which since the 19 February 2001 has been replaced by section 43 of the Terrorism Act 2000); various poaching and wildlife conservation legislation; the Aviation Security Act 1982, section 27(1); the Customs and Excise Management Act 1979, sections 163 and 164; and the Sporting Events (Control of Alcohol etc.) Act 1985. The Serious and Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 extended the list of offences under S1 PACE (Annex A, Code A). This now includes anyone under 18 in possession of fireworks in a public place and any members of the public possessing category 4 fireworks. This legislation came into effect on 1 July 2005. Stops and searches under this new piece of legislation are recorded within the 'other' category.

9. The Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 introduced new powers to stop and search vehicles and persons. Section 81 which came into force on 30 November 1994, enabled stops and searches of vehicles and occupants to be made to prevent acts of terrorism (by amending the Prevention of Terrorism Act, subsequently replaced by the Terrorism Act 2000, section 44(1) which came into force on 19 February 2001). Section 60 of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994, which came into force on 10 April 1995, enables stops and searches to be made in anticipation of violence. Information on the use of these powers has been collected since April 1995. In addition, the Prevention of Terrorism Act was further amended by the Prevention of Terrorism (Additional Powers) Act 1996 on 3 April 1996 which added a new section 13B introducing stops and searches of pedestrians to prevent acts of terrorism. This has since been replaced by section 44(2) of the Terrorism Act 2000 which came into force on 19 February 2001.

10. Following publication of 2003/04 data in December 2004, errors in Home Office data processing procedures for the stops and searches collections (s.1 PACE, 560 Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1984 and s.44 Terrorism Act 2000) were identified for ten forces (Cambridgeshire, Cheshire, Cumbria, Derbyshire, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Hampshire, Lincolnshire, West Midlands and Wiltshire). In consequence, extensive

revisions were made to the 2003/04 issue and published on the RDS website (see note 17). Since then Kent have amended their s.1 PACE data for 2003/04 (searches at ports under schedule 7 of the Terrorism Act 2000 had been included within the "other" category). The amended figures have an overall effect of reducing the England and Wales revised total search figure for 2003/04 from 750,700 to 749,400. 2004/05 figures have also been revised since issue of the HO Bulletin 21/05.

### **Road checks**

11. The Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 did not grant any new power to set up a road check but sought to control the use of the existing powers of the Road Traffic Act 1972 to stop all vehicles where the purpose is crime related. A road check is defined as the exercising of the power conferred by the Road Traffic Act 1972 (section 159) in such a way as to stop all vehicles selected by any criterion. The road check can only be authorised by an officer of superintendent rank or above. This has to be in writing (except in cases of urgency) and must be for one of the four purposes shown in Tables PD and P4.

### **Detention in police custody**

12. Under section 42 of PACE, detention in police custody before charge on the authority of a police officer is limited to 24 hours except where the alleged offence is an indictable one, where the maximum is 36 hours. Where the police need to detain beyond 36 hours an application must be made at a magistrates' court which can issue a warrant of further detention up to 36 hours; an extension can be applied for, but any extension granted cannot exceed 36 hours or permit the total period of detention to exceed 96 hours. However as from 20 January 2004 new powers which enable a superintendent or above to authorise continued detention for up to 36 hours for all arrestable offences was introduced by s7 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 which inserts s42(1) within PACE. (Different rules apply in respect of arrests made under terrorism legislation).

### **Intimate searches**

13. Intimate searches involve a physical search of the body orifices, and therefore exclude strip searches. They may only be carried out if there are reasonable grounds for believing that a person who has been arrested and is detained, may have concealed anything which could be used to cause physical injury; or, in the case of suspected couriers or dealers only, a Class A drug (as defined in the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971). In the case of searches for drugs a registered doctor or nurse can carry out the search. Searches for harmful articles are by suitably qualified persons, unless this is not practicable when a constable will carry out the search.

### **Symbols used in the tables**

14. The following symbols are used in the tables:

- \* Not applicable
- .. Not available
- 0 less than half the final digit shown, or in tables of percentages, less than 0.5%.
- Nil.

## **ETHNICITY**

15. Section 95 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 led to new measures to establish consistent ethnic monitoring within the police service. Since April 1996, the collection of ethnicity data has been mandatory for all Police Forces, with stop and search and arrest being among the first areas of police activity to be monitored. Classification was based, initially, upon the police officer's visual perception of the ethnic appearance of the suspect/victim, using four categories (White, Black, Asian and 'Other'). This was compatible with the fuller classification used in the 1991 Census and elsewhere. From 1 April 2003, in addition to the visual assessment using the 4-point classification, it has been mandatory for all police forces to record ethnicity by self-assessment by the suspect using the 16-point classification used in the 2001 Census. Since 1 April 2005 police have been required to record the ethnicity of all persons asked to stop and account. Information on ethnicity relating to stop and search and arrests and total stops, based on the 4-point classification, is published separately under section 95 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991.

## **COVERAGE AND QUALITY OF THE STATISTICS IN THIS VOLUME**

16. Every effort is made to ensure that the figures presented in this publication are accurate and complete. However, it is important to note that these data have been extracted by police forces from a variety of administrative data systems and the detail supplied to OCJR is therefore subject to the inaccuracies inherent in any large-scale recording system. Although some figures in this volume are shown to the last digit, the figures are not necessarily accurate to the last digit shown. It is important that users of the data take these limitations into account when using and interpreting the data presented in this volume. Where the statistics shown are rounded, the components may not add exactly to the rounded total because they have been rounded independently.

## **ENQUIRIES**

17. This bulletin has been prepared by the Criminal Justice Evidence & Analysis unit of the Office for Criminal Justice Reform (OCJR). If you have any enquiries about figures in this bulletin please email to: [cjea@cjs.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:cjea@cjs.gsi.gov.uk)

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

18. Acknowledgement is made of the contribution from Margaret Ayres, Dave Perry, Walter Giraud, John Frosztega, and the staff of the Home Office Data Collection Group, Science and Research Group Support (SRGS).

© Crown copyright  
Produced by the Ministry of Justice

Alternative formats are available on request from [esd@justice.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:esd@justice.gsi.gov.uk)