

KEELING SCHEDULE SHOWING (IN BOLD, USING UNDERLINING TO DENOTE INSERTIONS AND STRIKETHROUGH TO DENOTE DELETIONS) HOW FPR PART 12, CHAPTERS 1 to 3 IS MODIFIED FOR THE PILOT SCHEME SET UP BY PRACTICE DIRECTION 36C (PILOT SCHEME: CARE AND SUPERVISION PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS UNDER PART 4 OF THE CHILDREN ACT 1989) AND HOW THE MODIFIED VERSION DIFFERS FROM THE EXISTING (pre-pilot) VERSION

This Keeling Schedule has been prepared by the Ministry of Justice. It is intended for illustrative purposes only to assist the reader of the Pilot Practice Direction 36C to understand the rule changes made in that Practice Direction for the purposes of the Pilot. While care has been taken in its preparation it may not be full and complete in every respect.

The Keeling Schedule does not add footnotes to pilot rules and footnotes to existing rules have not been updated.

Part 12 CHILDREN PROCEEDINGS EXCEPT PARENTAL
ORDER PROCEEDINGS AND PROCEEDINGS FOR
APPLICATIONS IN ADOPTION, PLACEMENT AND RELATED
PROCEEDINGS

INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION OF THIS PART

Application of this Part

12.1

(1) The rules in this Part apply to—

(a) emergency proceedings;

(b) private law proceedings;

(c) public law proceedings;

(d) proceedings relating to the exercise of the court's inherent jurisdiction (other than applications for the court's permission to start such proceedings);

(e) proceedings relating to child abduction and the recognition and enforcement of decisions relating to custody under the European Convention;

(f) proceedings relating to the Council Regulation or the 1996 Hague Convention in respect of children;
and

(g) any other proceedings which may be referred to in a practice direction.

(Part 18 sets out the procedure for making an application for permission to bring proceedings.)

(Part 31 sets out the procedure for making applications for recognition and enforcement of judgments under the Council Regulation or the 1996 Hague Convention.)

(2) The rules in Chapter 7 of this Part also apply to family proceedings which are not within paragraph (1) but which otherwise relate wholly or mainly to the maintenance or upbringing of a minor.

Interpretation

12.2

In this Part–

‘the 2006 Act’ means the Childcare Act 2006¹;

‘advocate’ means a person exercising a right of audience as a representative of, or on behalf of, a party;

‘care proceedings’ means proceedings for a care order under section 31(1)(a) of the 1989 Act;

~~‘Case Management Order’ means an order in the form referred to in Practice Direction 12A which may contain such of the provisions listed in that practice direction as may be appropriate to the proceedings;~~

‘Case Management Order’ means an order in the form referred to in Practice Direction 12A or Pilot Practice Direction 12A;

‘child assessment order’ has the meaning assigned to it by section 43(2) of the 1989 Act;

‘contact activity condition’ has the meaning assigned to it by section 11C(2) of the 1989 Act;

‘contact activity direction’ has the meaning assigned to it by section 11A(3) of the 1989 Act;

‘contribution order’ has the meaning assigned to it by paragraph 23(2) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act;

‘education supervision order’ has the meaning assigned to it by section 36(2) of the 1989 Act;

‘emergency proceedings’ means proceedings for–

(a) the disclosure of information as to the whereabouts of a child under section 33 of the 1986 Act²;

(b) an order authorising the taking charge of and delivery of a child under section 34 of the 1986 Act³;

(c) an emergency protection order;

(d) an order under section 44(9)(b) of the 1989 Act varying a direction in an emergency protection order given under section 44(6) of that Act;

(e) an order under section 45(5) of the 1989 Act extending the period during which an emergency protection order is to have effect;

(f) an order under section 45(8) of the 1989 Act discharging an emergency protection order;

(g) an order under section 45(8A) of the 1989⁴ Act varying or discharging an emergency protection order in so far as it imposes an exclusion requirement on a person who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged;

(h) an order under section 45(8B) of the 1989 Act⁵ varying or discharging an emergency protection order in so far as it confers a power of arrest attached to an exclusion requirement;

(i) warrants under sections 48(9) and 102(1) of the 1989 Act and under section 79 of the 2006 Act⁶; or

(j) a recovery order under section 50 of the 1989 Act⁷;

'emergency protection order' means an order under section 44 of the 1989 Act;

'enforcement order' has the meaning assigned to it by section 11J(2) of the 1989 Act;

'financial compensation order' means an order made under section 11O(2) of the 1989 Act;

'interim order' means an interim care order or an interim supervision order referred to in section 38(1) of the 1989 Act;

"Part 4 proceedings" means proceedings for—

(a) a care order except an interim care order, or the discharge of such an order under section 39(1) of the 1989 Act;

(b) an order giving permission to change a child's surname or remove a child from the United Kingdom under section 33(7) of the 1989 Act while a care order is in force with respect to the child;

(c) a supervision order except an interim supervision order, the discharge or variation of such an order under section 39(2) of that Act, or the extension or further extension of such an order under paragraph 6(3) of Schedule 3 to that Act;

(d) an order making provision regarding contact under section 34(2) to (4) of the 1989 Act made at the same time as the making of a care order other than an interim care order or later or an order varying or discharging such an order under section 34(9) of that Act;

(e) an education supervision order, the extension of an education supervision order under paragraph 15(2) of Schedule 3 to the 1989 Act, or the discharge of such an order under paragraph 17(1) of Schedule 3 to that Act;

- (f) an order under section 39(3) of the 1989 Act varying a supervision order in so far as it affects a person with whom the child is living but who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged; or**
- (g) the substitution of a supervision order for a care order under section 39(4) of the 1989 Act;**

'private law proceedings' means proceedings for –

(a) a section 8 order except a residence order under section 8 of the 1989 Act relating to a child who is the subject of a care order;

(b) a parental responsibility order under sections 4(1)(c)⁸, 4ZA(1)(c)⁹ or 4A(1)(b) of the 1989 Act¹⁰ or an order terminating parental responsibility under sections 4(2A), 4ZA(5) or 4A(3) of that Act;

(c) an order appointing a child's guardian under section 5(1) of the 1989 Act or an order terminating the appointment under section 6(7) of that Act;

(d) an order giving permission to change a child's surname or remove a child from the United Kingdom under sections 13(1) or 14C(3) of the 1989 Act;

(e) a special guardianship order except where that order relates to a child who is subject of a care order;

(f) an order varying or discharging such an order under section 14D of the 1989 Act¹¹;

(g) an enforcement order;

(h) a financial compensation order;

(i) an order under paragraph 9 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act following a breach of an enforcement order;

(j) an order under Part 2 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act revoking or amending an enforcement order;
or

(k) an order that a warning notice be attached to a contact order;

'public law proceedings' means **Part 4 proceedings and** proceedings for –

- (a) a residence order under section 8 of the 1989 Act relating to a child who is the subject of a care order;
- (b) a special guardianship order relating to a child who is the subject of a care order;
- (c) a secure accommodation order under section 25 of the 1989 Act¹²;
- (d) **an interim** care order, or the discharge of such an order under section 39(1) of the 1989 Act;
- (e) an order giving permission to change a child's surname or remove a child from the United Kingdom under section 33(7) of the 1989 Act **while an interim care order is in force with respect to the child**;
- (f) ~~a supervision order under section 31(1)(b)~~ **an interim supervision order under section 38(1)** of the 1989 Act¹³, the discharge or variation of such an order under section 39(2) of that Act, or the extension or further extension of such an order under paragraph 6(3) of Schedule 3 to that Act;
- (g) an order making provision regarding contact under section 34(2) to (4) of the 1989 Act **made at the same time as the making of an interim care order or later** or an order varying or discharging such an order under section 34(9) of that Act;
- (h) ~~an education supervision order, the extension of an education supervision order under paragraph 15(2) of Schedule 3 to the 1989 Act, or the discharge of such an order under paragraph 17(1) of Schedule 3 to that Act~~¹⁴;
- (i) an order varying directions made with an interim care order or interim supervision order under section 38(8)(b) of the 1989 Act;
- (j) an order under section 39(3) of the 1989 Act varying ~~a supervision order~~ **an interim supervision order** in so far as it affects a person with whom the child is living but who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged;
- (k) an order under section 39(3A) of the 1989¹⁵ Act varying or discharging an interim care order in so far as it imposes an exclusion requirement on a person who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged;
- (l) an order under section 39(3B)¹⁶ of the 1989 Act varying or discharging an interim care order in so far as it confers a power of arrest attached to an exclusion requirement;

~~(m) the substitution of a supervision order for a care order under section 39(4) of the 1989 Act;~~

(n) a child assessment order, or the variation or discharge of such an order under section 43(12) of the 1989 Act;

(o) an order permitting the local authority to arrange for any child in its care to live outside England and Wales under paragraph 19(1) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act;

(p) a contribution order, or revocation of such an order under paragraph 23(8) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act;

(q) an appeal under paragraph 8(1) of Schedule 8 to the 1989 Act;

'special guardianship order' has the meaning assigned to it by section 14A(1) of the 1989 Act¹⁷;

'supervision order' has the meaning assigned to it by section 31(11) of the 1989 Act;

'supervision proceedings' means proceedings for a supervision order under section 31(1)(b) of the 1989 Act;

'warning notice' means a notice attached to an order pursuant to section 8(2) of the Children and Adoption Act 2006.

(The 1980 Hague Convention, the 1996 Hague Convention, the Council Regulation, and the European Convention are defined in rule 2.3.)

II GENERAL RULES

Who the parties are

12.3

(1) In relation to the proceedings set out in column 1 of the following table, column 2 sets out who may make the application and column 3 sets out who the respondents to those proceedings will be.

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
<p>A parental responsibility order (section 4(1)(c), 4ZA(1)(c), or section 4A(1)(b) of the 1989 Act)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The child's father; the step parent; or the child's parent (being a woman who is a parent by virtue of section 43 of the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008 and who is not a person to whom section 1(3) of the Family Law Reform Act 1987¹⁸ applies) (sections 4(1)(c), 4ZA(1)(c) and 4A(1)(b) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Every person whom the applicant believes to have parental responsibility for the child; where the child is the subject of a care order, every person whom the applicant believes to have had parental responsibility immediately prior to the making of the care order; in the case of an application to extend, vary or discharge an order, the parties to the proceedings leading to the order which it is sought to have extended, varied or discharged; in the case of specified proceedings, the child
<p>An order terminating a parental responsibility order or agreement (section 4(2A), 4ZA(5) or section 4A(3) of the 1989 Act¹⁹)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has parental responsibility for the child; or with the court's permission, the child (section 4(3), 4ZA(6) and section 4A(3) of the 1989 Act) 	<p>As above</p>
<p>An order appointing a guardian (section 5(1) of the 1989 Act²⁰)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An individual who wishes to be appointed as guardian (section 5(1) of the 1989 Act) 	<p>As above</p>
<p>An order terminating the appointment of a guardian (section 6(7) of the 1989 Act)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has parental responsibility for the child; or with the court's permission, the child (section 6(7) of the 1989 Act) 	<p>As above</p>

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
A section 8 order	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who is entitled to apply for a section 8 order with respect to the child (section 10(4) to (7) of the 1989 Act²¹); or with the court's permission, any person (section 10(2)(b) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An enforcement order (section 11J of the 1989 Act ²²)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A person who is, for the purposes of the contact order, a person with whom the child concerned lives or is to live; any person whose contact with the child concerned is provided for in the contact order; any individual subject to a condition under section 11(7)(b) of the 1989 Act or a contact activity condition imposed by a contact order; or with the court's permission, the child (section 11J(5) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person the applicant alleges has failed to comply with the contact order
A financial compensation order (section 11O of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who is, for the purposes of the contact order, a person with whom the child concerned lives or is to live; any person whose contact with the child concerned is provided for in the contact order; any individual subject to a condition under section 11(7)(b) of the 1989 Act or a contact activity condition imposed by a contact order; or with the court's permission, the child (section 11O(6) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person the applicant alleges has failed to comply with the contact order
An order permitting the child's name to be changed or the removal of the child from the United Kingdom (section 13(1), 14C(3) or 33(7) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person (section 13(1), 14C(3), 33(7) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As for a parental responsibility order

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
<p>A special guardianship order (section 14A of the 1989 Act)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any guardian of the child; any individual in whose favour a residence order is in force with respect to the child; any individual listed in subsection (5)(b) or (c) of section 10 (as read with subsection (10) of that section) of the 1989 Act; a local authority foster parent with whom the child has lived for a period of at least one year immediately preceding the application; or any person with the court's permission (section 14A(3) of the 1989 Act) (more than one such individual can apply jointly (section 14A(3) and (5) of that Act)) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above, and if a care order is in force with respect to the child, the child
<p>Variation or discharge of a special guardianship order (section 14D of the 1989 Act²³)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The special guardian (or any of them, if there is more than one); any individual in whose favour a residence order is in force with respect to the child; the local authority designated in a care order with respect to the child; any individual within section 14D(1)(d) of the 1989 Act who has parental responsibility for the child; the child, any parent or guardian of the child and any step-parent of the child who has acquired, and has not lost, parental responsibility by virtue of section 4A of that Act with the court's permission; or any individual within section 14D(1)(d) of that Act who immediately before the making of the special guardianship order had, but no longer has, parental responsibility for the child with the court's permission 	<p>As above</p>

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
A secure accommodation order (section 25 section of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority which is looking after the child; or the Health Authority, Secretary of State, National Health Service Commissioning Board, clinical commissioning group National Health Service Trust established under section 25 of the National Health Service Act 2006²⁴ or section 18(1) of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006²⁵, National Health Service Foundation Trust or any local authority providing or arranging accommodation for the child (unless the child is looked after by a local authority) 	As above
A care or supervision order (section 31 of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any local authority; the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and any of its officers (section 31(1) of the 1989 Act); or any authorised person 	As above
An order varying directions made with an interim care or interim supervision order (section 38(8)(b) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parties to proceedings in which directions are given under section 38(6) of the 1989 Act; or any person named in such a direction 	As above
An order discharging a care order (section 39(1) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has parental responsibility for the child; the child; or the local authority designated by the order (section 39(1) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An order varying or discharging an interim care order in so far as it imposes an exclusion requirement (section 39(3A) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A person to whom the exclusion requirement in the interim care order applies who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged (section 39(3A) of the 1989 Act) 	As above

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
An order varying or discharging an interim care order in so far as it confers a power of arrest attached to an exclusion requirement (section 39(3B) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person entitled to apply for the discharge of the interim care order in so far as it imposes the exclusion requirement (section 39(3B) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An order substituting a supervision order for a care order (section 39(4) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person entitled to apply for a care order to be discharged under section 39(1) (section 39(4) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
A child assessment order (section 43(1) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any local authority; the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and any of its officers; or any person authorised by order of the Secretary of State to bring the proceedings and any officer of a body who is so authorized (section 43(1) and (13) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An order varying or discharging a child assessment order (section 43(12) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The applicant for an order that has been made under section 43(1) of the 1989 Act; or the persons referred to in section 43(11) of the 1989 Act (section 43(12) of that Act) 	As above
An emergency protection order (section 44(1) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person (section 44(1) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As for a parental responsibility order
An order extending the period during which an emergency protection order is to have effect (section 45(4) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who—has parental responsibility for a child as the result of an emergency protection order; and is entitled to apply for a care order with respect to the child (section 45(4) of the 1989 Act) 	As above

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
An order discharging an emergency protection order (section 45(8) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The child; a parent of the child; any person who is not a parent of the child but who has parental responsibility for the child; or any person with whom the child was living before the making of the emergency protection order (section 45(8) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An order varying or discharging an emergency protection order in so far as it imposes the exclusion requirement(section 45(8A) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A person to whom the exclusion requirement in the emergency protection order applies who is not entitled to apply for the emergency protection order to be discharged (section 45(8A) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An order varying or discharging an emergency protection order in so far as it confers a power of arrest attached to an exclusion requirement (section 45(8B) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person entitled to apply for the discharge of the emergency protection order in so far as it imposes the exclusion requirement (section 45(8B) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
An emergency protection order by the police (section 46(7) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The officer designated for the purposes of section 46(3)(e) of the 1989 Act (section 46(7) of the 1989 Act) 	As above
A warrant authorising a constable to assist in exercise of certain powers to search for children and inspect premises (section 48 of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person attempting to exercise powers under an emergency protection order who has been or is likely to be prevented from doing so by being refused entry to the premises concerned or refused access to the child concerned (section 48(9) of the 1989 Act) 	As above

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
A warrant authorising a constable to assist in exercise of certain powers to search for children and inspect premises (section 102 of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person attempting to exercise powers under the enactments mentioned in section 102(6) of the 1989 Act who has been or is likely to be prevented from doing so by being refused entry to the premises concerned or refused access to the child concerned (section 102(1) of that Act) 	As above
An order revoking an enforcement order (paragraph 4 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person subject to the enforcement order 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person who was the applicant for the enforcement order; and, where the child was a party to the proceedings in which the enforcement order was made, the child
An order amending an enforcement order (paragraphs 5 to 7 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person subject to the enforcement order 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person who was the applicant for the enforcement order. (Rule 12.33 makes provision about applications under paragraph 5 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act.)
An order following breach of an enforcement order (paragraph 9 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who is, for the purposes of the contact order, the person with whom the child lives or is to live; any person whose contact with the child concerned is provided for in the contact order; any individual subject to a condition under section 11(7)(b) of the 1989 Act or a contact activity condition imposed by a contact order; or with the court's permission, the child (paragraph 9 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person the applicant alleges has failed to comply with the unpaid work requirement imposed by an enforcement order; and where the child was a party to the proceedings in which the enforcement order was made, the child

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
An order permitting the local authority to arrange for any child in its care to live outside England and Wales (Schedule 2, paragraph 19(1), to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority (Schedule 2, paragraph 19(1), to the 1989 Act) 	As for a parental responsibility order
A contribution order (Schedule 2, paragraph 23(1), to the 1989 Act).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority(Schedule 2, paragraph 23(1), to the 1989 Act) 	As above and the contributor
An order revoking a contribution order(Schedule 2, paragraph 23(8), to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The contributor; or the local authority 	As above
An order relating to contact with the child in care and any named person (section 34(2) of the 1989 Act) or permitting the local authority to refuse contact (section 34(4) of that Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority; or the child (section 34(2) or 34(4) of the1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the person whose contact with the child is the subject of the application
An order relating to contact with the child in care (section 34(3) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The child's parents; any guardian or special guardian of the child; any person who by virtue of section 4A of the 1989 Act has parental responsibility for the child; a person in whose favour there was a residence order in force with respect to the child immediately before the care order was made; a person who by virtue of an order made in the exercise of the High Court's inherent jurisdiction with respect to children had care of the child immediately before the care order was made (section 34(3)(a)of the 1989 Act); or with the court's permission, any person (section 34(3) (b) of that Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the person whose contact with the child is the subject of the application
An order varying or discharging an order for contact with a child in care under section 34 (section 34((9) of the1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority; the child; or any person named in the order (section 34(9) of the1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the person whose contact with the child is the subject of the application

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
An education supervision order (section 36 of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any local authority(section 36(1) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the child
An order varying or discharging a supervision order (section 39(2) of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has parental responsibility for the child; the child; or the supervisor (section 39(2) of the 1989Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the supervisor
An order varying a supervision order in so far as it affects the person with whom the child is living (section 39(3)of the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person with whom the child is living who is not entitled to apply for the order to be discharged (section 39(3) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the supervisor
An order varying a direction under section 44(6) of the 1989 Act in an emergency protection order (section 44(9)(b) of that Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parties to the application for the emergency protection order in respect of which it is sought to vary the directions; the children's guardian; the local authority in whose area the child is ordinarily resident; or any person who is named in the directions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above, and the parties to the application for the order in respect of which it is sought to vary the directions; any person who was caring for the child prior to the making of the order; and any person whose contact with the child is affected by the direction which it is sought to have varied
A recovery order (section 50 of the1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has parental responsibility for the child by virtue of a care order or an emergency protection order; or where the child is in police protection the officer designated for the purposes of section 46(3)(e) of the1989 Act (section 50(4) of the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the person whom the applicant alleges to have effected or to have been or to be responsible for the taking or keeping of the child
An order discharging an education supervision order (Schedule 3, paragraph 17(1), to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The child concerned; a parent of the child; or the local authority concerned (Schedule 3, paragraph 17(1), to the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the local authority concerned; and the child

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
An order extending an education supervision order (Schedule 3, paragraph, 15(2), to the 1989 Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The local authority in whose favour the education supervision order was made (Schedule 3, paragraph 15(2), to the 1989 Act) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the child
An appeal under paragraph (8) of Schedule 8 to the 1989 Act	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A person aggrieved by the matters listed in paragraph 8(1) of Schedule 8 to the 1989 Act 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The appropriate local authority
An order for the disclosure of information as to the whereabouts of a child under section 33 of the 1986 Act	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person with a legitimate interest in proceedings for an order under Part 1 of the 1986 Act; or a person who has registered an order made elsewhere in the United Kingdom or a specified dependent territory 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person alleged to have information as to the whereabouts of the child
An order authorising the taking charge of and delivery of a child under section 34 of the 1986 Act	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person to whom the child is to be given up under section 34(1) of the 1986 Act 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As above; and the person who is required to give up the child in accordance with section 34(1) of the 1986 Act
An order relating to the exercise of the court's inherent jurisdiction (including wardship proceedings)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A local authority (with the court's permission); any person with a genuine interest in or relation to the child; or the child (wardship proceedings only) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parent or guardian of the child; any other person who has an interest in or relationship to the child; and the child (wardship proceedings only and with the court's permission as described at rule 12.37)
A warrant under section 79 of the 2006 Act authorising any constable to assist Her Majesty's Chief Inspector for Education, Children's Services and Skills in the exercise of powers conferred on him by section 77 of the 2006 Act	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Her Majesty's Chief Inspector for Education, Children's Services and Skills 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person preventing or likely to prevent Her Majesty's Chief Inspector for Education, Children's Services and Skills from exercising powers conferred on him by section 77 of the 2006 Act

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
<p>An order in respect of a child under the 1980 Hague Convention</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person, institution or body who claims that a child has been removed or retained in breach of rights of custody or claims that there has been a breach of rights of access in relation to the child 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person alleged to have brought the child into the United Kingdom; the person with whom the child is alleged to be; any parent or guardian of the child who is within the United Kingdom and is not otherwise a party; any person in whose favour a decision relating to custody has been made if that person is not otherwise a party; and any other person who appears to the court to have sufficient interest in the welfare of the child
<p>An order concerning the recognition and enforcement of decisions relating to custody under the European Convention</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who has a court order giving that person rights of custody in relation to the child 	<p>As above</p>
<p>An application for the High Court to request transfer of jurisdiction under Article 15 of the Council Regulation or Article 9 of the 1996 Hague Convention (rule 12.65)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person with sufficient interest in the welfare of the child and who would be entitled to make a proposed application in relation to that child, or who intends to seek the permission of the court to make such application if the transfer is agreed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As directed by the court in accordance with rule 12.65
<p>An application under rule 12.71 for a declaration as to the existence, or extent, of parental responsibility under Article 16 of the 1996 Convention</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any interested person including a person who holds, or claims to hold, parental responsibility for the child under the law of another State which subsists in accordance with Article 16 of the 1996 Hague Convention following the child becoming habitually resident in a territorial unit of the United Kingdom 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Every person whom the applicant believes to have parental responsibility for the child; any person whom the applicant believes to hold parental responsibility for the child under the law of another State which subsists in accordance with Article 16 of the 1996 Hague Convention following the child becoming habitually resident in a territorial

Proceedings for	Applicants	Respondents
		unit of the United Kingdom; and where the child is the subject of a care order, every person whom the applicant believes to have had parental responsibility immediately prior to the making of the care order
A warning notice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The person who is, for the purposes of the contact order, the person with whom the child concerned lives or is to live; the person whose contact with the child concerned is provided for in the contact order; any individual subject to a condition under section 11(7)(b) of the 1989 Act or a contact activity condition imposed by the contact order; or with the court's permission, the child 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any person who was a party to the proceedings in which the contact order was made. (Rule 12.33 makes provision about applications for warning notices)

(2) The court will direct that a person with parental responsibility be made a party to proceedings where that person requests to be one.

(3) Subject to rule 16.2, the court may at any time direct that –

(a) any person or body be made a party to proceedings; or

(b) a party be removed.

(4) If the court makes a direction for the addition or removal of a party under this rule, it may give consequential directions about –

(a) the service of a copy of the application form or other relevant documents on the new party;

(b) the management of the proceedings.

(5) In this rule–

'a local authority foster parent' has the meaning assigned to it by section 23(3) of the 1989 Act; and

'care home', 'independent hospital', 'local authority' and 'clinical commissioning group' have the meanings assigned to them by section 105 of the 1989 Act.

(Part 16 contains the rules relating to the representation of children.)

Notice of proceedings to person with foreign parental responsibility

12.4

(1) This rule applies where a child is subject to proceedings to which this Part applies and –

(a) a person holds or is believed to hold parental responsibility for the child under the law of another State which subsists in accordance with Article 16 of the 1996 Hague Convention following the child becoming habitually resident in a territorial unit of the United Kingdom; and

(b) that person is not otherwise required to be joined as a respondent under rule 12.3.

(2) The applicant shall give notice of the proceedings to any person to whom the applicant believes paragraph (1) applies in any case in which a person whom the applicant believed to have parental responsibility under the 1989 Act would be a respondent to those proceedings in accordance with rule 12.3.

(3) The applicant and every respondent to the proceedings shall provide such details as they possess as to the identity and whereabouts of any person they believe to hold parental responsibility for the child in accordance with paragraph (1) to the court officer, upon making, or responding to the application as appropriate.

(4) Where the existence of a person who is believed to have parental responsibility for the child in accordance with paragraph (1) only becomes apparent to a party at a later date during the proceedings, that party must notify the court officer of those details at the earliest opportunity.

(5) Where a person to whom paragraph (1) applies receives notice of proceedings, that person may apply to the court to be joined as a party using the Part 18 procedure.

What the court will do when the application has been issued

12.5

When the proceedings have been issued the court will consider –

(a) setting a date for –

(i) a directions appointment;

(ii) in private law proceedings, a First Hearing Dispute Resolution Appointment;

~~(iii) in care and supervision proceedings and in so far as practicable other public law proceedings, the First Appointment in Part 4 proceedings, the Case Management Hearing;~~ OF

(iiiA) in so far as practicable in public law proceedings other than Part 4 proceedings, the First Appointment; or

(iv) the hearing of the application or an application for an interim order,

and if the court sets a date it will do so in accordance with rule 12.13 and Practice Directions 12A and 12B and Pilot Practice Direction 12A;

(b) giving any of the directions listed in rule 12.12 or, where Chapter 6, section 1 applies, rule 12.48; and

(c) doing anything else which is set out in Practice Directions 12A or 12B, Pilot Practice Direction 12A or any other practice direction.

(Pilot Practice Direction 12A sets out the details relating to the Case Management Hearing and Practice Directions 12A and 12B supplementing this Part set out details relating to the First Hearing Dispute Resolution Appointment and the First Appointment.)

Children's guardian, solicitor and reports under section 7 of the 1989 Act

12.6

As soon as practicable after the issue of proceedings or the transfer of the proceedings to the court, the court will –

- (a) in specified proceedings, appoint a children's guardian under rule 16.3(1) unless –
- (i) such an appointment has already been made by the court which made the transfer and is subsisting; or
 - (ii) the court considers that such an appointment is not necessary to safeguard the interests of the child;
- (b) where section 41(3) of the 1989 Act applies, consider whether a solicitor should be appointed to represent the child, and if so, appoint a solicitor accordingly;
- (c) consider whether to ask an officer of the service or a Welsh family proceedings officer for advice relating to the welfare of the child;
- (d) consider whether a report relating to the welfare of the child is required, and if so, request such a report in accordance with section 7 of the 1989 Act.

(Part 16 sets out the rules relating to representation of children.)

What a court officer will do

12.7

- (1) As soon as practicable after the issue of proceedings the court officer will return to the applicant the copies of the application together with the forms referred to in Practice Direction 5A.
- (2) As soon as practicable after the issue of proceedings or the transfer of proceedings to the court or at any other stage in the proceedings the court officer will –
- (a) give notice of any hearing set by the court to the applicant; and
 - (b) do anything else set out in Practice Directions 12A or 12B, **Pilot Practice Direction 12A** or any other practice direction.

Service of the application

12.8

The applicant will serve –

(a) the application together with the documents referred to in Practice Direction 12C on the persons referred to and within the time specified in that Practice Direction; and

(b) notice of any hearing set by the court on the persons referred to in Practice Direction 12C at the same time as serving the application.

(Practice Direction 12C (Service of Application in Children Proceedings) provides that in Part 4 Proceedings the minimum number of days prior to the Case Management Hearing for service of the application and accompanying documents is 7 days. The Court has discretion to extend or shorten this time (see rule 4.1(3)(a))

Request for transfer from magistrates' court to county court or to another magistrates' court

12.9

(1) In accordance with the Allocation Order, a magistrates' court may order proceedings before the court (or any part of them) to be transferred to another magistrates' court or to a county court.

(2) Where any request to transfer proceedings to another magistrates' court or to a county court is refused, the court officer will send a copy of the written record of the reasons for refusing the transfer to the parties.

Procedure following refusal of magistrates' court to order transfer

12.10

(1) Where a request under rule 12.9 to transfer proceedings to a county court in accordance with the provisions of the Allocation Order is refused, a party to the proceedings may apply to a county court for an order transferring proceedings from the magistrates' court.

(2) Such an application must be made in accordance with Part 18 and the Allocation Order.

Transfer of proceedings from one court to another court

12.11

Where proceedings are transferred from one court to another court in accordance with the provisions of the Allocation Order, the court officer from the transferring court will notify the parties of any order transferring the proceedings.

Directions

12.12

(1) This rule does not apply to proceedings under Chapter 6 of this Part.

(2) At any stage in the proceedings, the court may give directions about the conduct of the proceedings including—

(a) the management of the case;

(b) the timetable for steps to be taken between the giving of directions and the final hearing;

(c) the joining of a child or other person as a party to the proceedings in accordance with rules 12.3(2) and (3);

(d) the attendance of the child;

(e) the appointment of a children's guardian or of a solicitor under section 41(3) of the 1989 Act;

(f) the appointment of a litigation friend;

(g) the service of documents;

(h) the filing of evidence including experts' reports; and

(i) the exercise by an officer of the Service, Welsh family proceedings officer or local authority officer of any duty referred to in rule 16.38(1)

(3) Paragraph (4) applies where—

(a) an officer of the Service or a Welsh family proceedings officer has filed a report or a risk assessment as a result of exercising a duty referred to in rule 16.38(1)(a); or

(b) a local authority officer has filed a report as a result of exercising a duty referred to in rule 16.38(1)(b).

(4) The court may –

(a) give directions setting a date for a hearing at which that report or risk assessment will be considered; and

(b) direct that the officer who prepared the report or risk assessment attend any such hearing.

(5) The court may exercise the powers in paragraphs (2) and (4) on an application or of its own initiative.

(6) Where the court proposes to exercise its powers of its own initiative the procedure set out in rule 4.3(2) to (6) applies.

(7) Directions of a court which are still in force immediately prior to the transfer of proceedings to another court will continue to apply following the transfer subject to –

(a) any changes of terminology which are required to apply those directions to the court to which the proceedings are transferred; and

(b) any variation or revocation of the direction.

(8) The court or court officer will–

(a) take a note of the giving, variation or revocation of a direction under this rule; and

(b) as soon as practicable serve a copy of the note on every party.

(Rule 12.48 provides for directions in proceedings under the 1980 Hague Convention and the European Convention.)

Setting dates for hearings and setting or confirming the timetable and date for the final hearing

12.13

(1) At the –

(a) transfer to a court of proceedings;

(b) postponement or adjournment of any hearing; or

(c) conclusion of any hearing at which the proceedings are not finally determined,

the court will set a date for the proceedings to come before the court again for the purposes of giving directions or for such other purposes as the court directs.

(2) At any hearing the court may–

(a) confirm a date for the final hearing or the week within which the final hearing is to begin (where a date or period for the final hearing has already been set);

(b) set a timetable for the final hearing unless a timetable has already been fixed, or the court considers that it would be inappropriate to do so; or

(c) set a date for the final hearing or a period within which the final hearing of the application is to take place.

(3) The court officer will notify the parties of –

(a) the date of a hearing fixed in accordance with paragraph (1);

(b) the timetable for the final hearing; and

(c) the date of the final hearing or the period in which it will take place.

(4) Where the date referred to in paragraph (1) is set at the transfer of proceedings, the date will be as soon as possible after the transfer.

(5) The requirement in paragraph (1) to set a date for the proceedings to come before the court again is satisfied by the court setting or confirming a date for the final hearing.

Attendance at hearings

12.14

(1) This rule does not apply to proceedings under Chapter 6 of this Part except for proceedings for a declaration under rule 12.71.

(2) Unless the court directs otherwise and subject to paragraph (3), the persons who must attend a hearing are—

(a) any party to the proceedings;

(b) any litigation friend for any party or legal representative instructed to act on that party's behalf; and

(c) any other person directed by the court or required by Practice Directions 12A or 12B or any other practice direction to attend.

(3) Proceedings or any part of them will take place in the absence of a child who is a party to the proceedings if—

(a) the court considers it in the interests of the child, having regard to the matters to be discussed or the evidence likely to be given; and

(b) the child is represented by a children's guardian or solicitor.

(4) When considering the interests of the child under paragraph (3) the court will give –

(a) the children's guardian;

(b) the solicitor for the child; and

(c) the child, if of sufficient understanding,

an opportunity to make representations.

(5) Subject to paragraph (6), where at the time and place appointed for a hearing, the applicant appears but one or more of the respondents do not, the court may proceed with the hearing.

(6) The court will not begin to hear an application in the absence of a respondent unless the court is satisfied that—

(a) the respondent received reasonable notice of the date of the hearing; or

(b) the circumstances of the case justify proceeding with the hearing.

(7) Where, at the time and place appointed for a hearing one or more of the respondents appear but the applicant does not, the court may —

(a) refuse the application; or

(b) if sufficient evidence has previously been received, proceed in the absence of the applicant.

(8) Where at the time and place appointed for a hearing neither the applicant nor any respondent appears, the court may refuse the application.

(9) Paragraphs (5) to (8) do not apply to a hearing where the court —

(a) is considering —

(i) whether to make a contact activity direction or to attach a contact activity condition to a contact order; or

(ii) an application for a financial compensation order, an enforcement order or an order under paragraph 9 of Schedule A1 to the 1989 Act following a breach of an enforcement order; and

(b) has yet to obtain sufficient evidence from, or in relation to, the person who may be the subject of the direction, condition or order to enable it to determine the matter.

(10) Nothing in this rule affects the provisions of Article 18 of the Council Regulation in cases to which that provision applies.

(The Council Regulation makes provision in Article 18 for the court to stay proceedings where the respondent is habitually resident in another Member State of the European Union and has not been adequately served with the proceedings as required by that provision.)

Steps taken by the parties

12.15

If –

(a) the parties or any children's guardian agree proposals for the management of the proceedings (including a proposed date for the final hearing or a period within which the final hearing is to take place); and

(b) the court considers that the proposals are suitable,

it may approve them without a hearing and give directions in the terms proposed.

Applications without notice

12.16

(1) This rule applies to –

(a) proceedings for a section 8 order;

(b) emergency proceedings; and

(c) proceedings relating to the exercise of the court's inherent jurisdiction (other than an application for the court's permission to start such proceedings and proceedings for collection, location and passport orders where Chapter 6 applies).

(2) An application in proceedings referred to in paragraph (1) may, in the High Court or a county court, be made without notice in which case the applicant must file the application –

(a) where the application is made by telephone, the next business day after the making of the application; or

(b) in any other case, at the time when the application is made.

(3) An application in proceedings referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or (b) may, in a magistrates' court, be made with the permission of the court, without notice, in which case the applicant must file the application at the time when the application is made or as directed by the court.

(4) Where –

(a) a section 8 order;

(b) an emergency protection order;

(c) an order for the disclosure of information as to the whereabouts of a child under section 33 of the 1986 Act; or

(d) an order authorising the taking charge of and delivery of a child under section 34 of the 1986 Act, is made without notice, the applicant must serve a copy of the application on each respondent within 48 hours after the order is made.

(5) Within 48 hours after the making of an order without notice, the applicant must serve a copy of the order on–

(a) the parties, unless the court directs otherwise;

(b) any person who has actual care of the child or who had such care immediately prior to the making of the order; and

(c) in the case of an emergency protection order and a recovery order, the local authority in whose area the child lives or is found.

(6) Where the court refuses to make an order on an application without notice it may direct that the application is made on notice in which case the application will proceed in accordance with rules 12.3 to 12.15.

(7) Where the hearing takes place outside the hours during which the court office is normally open, the court or court officer will take a note of the proceedings.

(Practice Direction 12E(Urgent Business) provides further details of the procedure for out of hours applications. See also Practice Direction 12D (Inherent Jurisdiction (including Wardship Proceedings).)

(Rule 12.47 provides for without-notice applications in proceedings under Chapter 6, section 1 of this Part, (proceedings under the 1980 Hague Convention and the European Convention).)

Investigation under section 37 of the 1989 Act

12.17

(1) This rule applies where a direction is given to an appropriate authority by the court under section 37(1) of the 1989 Act.

(2) On giving the direction the court may adjourn the proceedings.

(3) As soon as practicable after the direction is given the court will record the direction.

(4) As soon as practicable after the direction is given the court officer will –

(a) serve the direction on–

(i) the parties to the proceedings in which the direction is given; and

(ii) the appropriate authority where it is not a party;

(b) serve any documentary evidence directed by the court on the appropriate authority.

(5) Where a local authority informs the court of any of the matters set out in section 37(3)(a) to (c) of the 1989 Act it will do so in writing.

(6) Unless the court directs otherwise, the court officer will serve a copy of any report to the court under section 37 of the 1989 Act on the parties.

(Section 37 of the 1989 Act refers to the appropriate authority and section 37(5) of that Act sets out which authority should be named in a particular case.)

Disclosure of a report under section 14A(8) or (9) of the 1989 Act

12.18

(1) In proceedings for a special guardianship order, the local authority must file the report under section 14A(8) or (9) of the 1989 Act²⁶ within the timetable fixed by the court.

(2) The court will consider whether to give a direction that the report under section 14A(8) or (9) of the 1989 Act be disclosed to each party to the proceedings.

(3) Before giving a direction for the report to be disclosed, the court must consider whether any information should be deleted from the report.

(4) The court may direct that the report must not be disclosed to a party.

(5) The court officer must serve a copy of the report in accordance with any direction under paragraph(2).

(6) In paragraph (3), information includes information which a party has declined to reveal under rule 29.1(1).

Additional evidence

12.19

(1) This rule applies to proceedings for a section 8 order or a special guardianship order.

(2) Unless the court directs otherwise, a party must not –

(a) file or serve any document other than in accordance with these rules or any practice direction;

(b) in completing a form prescribed by these rules or any practice direction, give information or make a statement which is not required or authorised by that form; or

(c) file or serve at a hearing–

(i) any witness statement of the substance of the oral evidence which the party intends to adduce; or

(ii) any copy of any document (including any experts' report) which the party intends to rely on.

(3) Where a party fails to comply with the requirements of this rule in relation to any witness statement or other document, the party cannot seek to rely on that statement or other document unless the court directs otherwise.

Omitted

12.20

Hearings

12.21

- (1) The court may give directions about the order of speeches and the evidence at a hearing.
- (2) Subject to any directions given under paragraph (1), the parties and the children's guardian must adduce their evidence at a hearing in the following order –
- (a) the applicant;
 - (b) any party with parental responsibility for the child;
 - (c) other respondents;
 - (d) the children's guardian;
 - (e) the child, if the child is a party to proceedings and there is no children's guardian.

III SPECIAL PROVISIONS ABOUT PUBLIC LAW PROCEEDINGS

Application of rules 12.21B to 12.21E

12.21A Rules 12.21B to 12.21E apply to Part 4 proceedings.

The timetable for the proceedings

12.21B The court will draw up the timetable for the proceedings or revise that timetable with a view to disposing of the proceedings without delay.

Directions

12.21C (1) The court will direct the parties to—

(a) monitor compliance with the court's directions; and

(b) tell the court or court officer about—

(i) any failure to comply with a direction of the court; and

(ii) any other delay in the proceedings.

The Case Management Hearing and the Issues Resolution Hearing

12.21D (1) The court will conduct the Case Management Hearing with the objective of—

(a) confirming the court to which the proceedings have been allocated or, if necessary, considering transfer of the proceedings in accordance with the Allocation Order ;

(b) drawing up a timetable for the proceedings in accordance with rule 12.21B including the time within which the proceedings are to be resolved;

(c) identifying the issues;

(d) giving directions in accordance with rule 12.12 and Pilot Practice Direction 12A to manage the proceedings.

(2) The court may hold a Further Case Management Hearing only where this hearing is necessary to fulfil the objectives of the Case Management Hearing set out in paragraph (1).

(3) The court will conduct the Issues Resolution Hearing with the objective of—

(a) identifying the remaining issues in the proceedings;

(b) as far as possible resolving or narrowing those issues;

(c) giving directions to manage the proceedings to the final hearing in accordance with rule 12.12 and Pilot Practice Direction 12A.

(4) Where it is possible for all the issues in the proceedings to be resolved at the Issues Resolution Hearing, the court may treat the Issues Resolution Hearing as a final hearing and make orders disposing of the proceedings.

(5) The court may set the date for the Case Management Hearing, a Further Case Management Hearing and the Issues Resolution Hearing at the times referred to in Pilot Practice Direction 12A.

(6) The matters which the court will consider at the hearings referred to in this rule are set out in Pilot Practice Direction 12A.

(Rule 25.6 (experts: when to apply for the court's permission) provides that unless the court directs otherwise, parties must apply for the court's permission as mentioned in rule 25.4 as soon as possible and in Part 4 Proceedings no later than the Case Management Hearing.)

Discussion between advocates

12.21E (1) When setting a date for the Case Management Hearing or the Issues Resolution Hearing the court will direct a discussion between the parties' advocates to—

(a) discuss the provisions of a draft of the Case Management Order; and

(b) consider any other matter set out in Pilot Practice Direction 12A.

(2) Where there is a litigant in person the court will give directions about how that person may take part in the discussions between the parties' advocates.

(3) Unless the court directs otherwise—

(a) any discussion between advocates must take place no later than 2 days before the Case Management Hearing; and

(b) a draft of the Case Management Order must be filed with the court no later than 11 a.m. on the day before the Case Management Hearing.

(4) Unless the court directs otherwise—

(a) any discussion between advocates must take place no later than 7 days before the Issues Resolution Hearing; and

(b) a draft of the Case Management Order must be filed with the court no later than 11a.m. on the day before the Issues Resolution Hearing.

(5) For the purposes of this rule 'advocate' includes a litigant in person.

Application of rules 12.23 to 12.26

12.22

~~Rules 12.23 to 12.26 apply to care and supervision proceedings and in so far as practicable other public law proceedings.~~

Rules 12.23 to 12.26 apply in so far as practicable to public law proceedings other than Part 4 proceedings

Timetable for the Child

12.23

(1) The court will set the timetable for the proceedings in accordance with the Timetable for the Child.

(2) The 'Timetable for the Child' means the timetable set by the court in accordance with its duties under section 1 and 32 of the 1989 Act²⁷ and will –

(a) take into account dates of the significant steps in the life of the child who is the subject of the proceedings; and

(b) be appropriate for that child.

Directions

12.24

(1) The court will direct the parties to–

(a) monitor compliance with the court's directions; and

(b) tell the court or court officer about –

(i) any failure to comply with a direction of the court; and

(ii) any other delay in the proceedings.

First Appointment, Case Management Conference and Issues Resolution Hearing

12.25

(1) The court may set the date for the First Appointment, Case Management Conference and Issues Resolution Hearing at the times and in the circumstances referred to in Practice Direction 12A.

(2) The matters which the court will consider at the hearings referred to in paragraph (1) are set out in Practice Direction 12A.

Discussion between advocates

12.26

(1) When setting a date for a Case Management Conference or an Issues Resolution Hearing the court will direct a discussion between the parties' advocates to –

(a) discuss the provisions of a draft of the Case Management Order; and

(b) consider any other matter setout in Practice Direction 12A.

(2) Where there is a litigant in person the court will give directions about how that person may take part in the discussions between the parties' advocates.

(3) The court will direct that following a discussion between advocates they must prepare or amend a draft of the Case Management Order for the court to consider.

(4) Where it is not possible for the advocates to agree the terms of a draft of the Case Management Order, the advocates should specify on a draft of the Case Management Order or on a separate document if more practicable –

(a) those provisions on which they agree; and

(b) those provisions on which they disagree.

(5) Unless the court directs otherwise–

(a) any discussion between advocates must take place no later than 2 days; and

(b) a draft of the Case Management Order must be filed with the court no later than 1 day,

before the Case Management Conference or the Issues Resolution Hearing whichever may be appropriate.

(6) For the purposes of this rule 'advocate' includes a litigant in person.

Matters prescribed for the purposes of the Act

12.27

(1) Proceedings for an order under any of the following provisions of the 1989 Act –

(a) a secure accommodation order under section 25;

(b) an order giving permission to change a child's surname or remove a child from the United Kingdom under section 33(7);

(c) an order permitting the local authority to arrange for any child in its care to live outside England and Wales under paragraph 19(1) of Schedule 2;

(d) the extension or further extension of a supervision order under paragraph 6(3) of Schedule 3;

(e) appeals against the determination of proceedings of a kind set out in sub-paragraphs (a) to (d);

are specified for the purposes of section 41 of that Act in accordance with section 41(6)(i) of that Act.

(2) The persons listed as applicants in the table set out in rule 12.3 to proceedings for the variation of directions made with interim care or interim supervision orders under section 38(8) of the 1989 Act are the prescribed class of persons for the purposes of that section.

(3) The persons listed as applicants in the table set out in rule 12.3 to proceedings for the variation of a direction made under section 44(6) of the 1989 Act in an emergency protection order are the prescribed class of persons for the purposes of section 44(9) of that Act.

Exclusion requirements: interim care orders and emergency protection orders

12.28

(1) This rule applies where the court includes an exclusion requirement in an interim care order or an emergency protection order.

(2) The applicant for an interim care order or emergency protection order must –

(a) prepare a separate statement of the evidence in support of the application for an exclusion requirement;

(b) serve the statement personally on the relevant person with a copy of the order containing the exclusion requirement (and of any power of arrest which is attached to it);

(c) inform the relevant person of that person's right to apply to vary or discharge the exclusion requirement.

(3) Where a power of arrest is attached to an exclusion requirement in an interim care order or an emergency protection order, the applicant will deliver –

(a) a copy of the order; and

(b) a statement showing that the relevant person has been served with the order or informed of its terms (whether by being present when the order was made or by telephone or otherwise),

to the officer for the time being in charge of the police station for the area in which the dwelling-house in which the child lives is situated (or such other police station as the court may specify).

(4) Rules 10.6(2) and 10.10 to 10.17 will apply, with the necessary modifications, for the service, variation, discharge and enforcement of any exclusion requirement to which a power of arrest is attached as they apply to an order made on an application under Part 4 of the 1996 Act.

(5) The relevant person must serve the parties to the proceedings with any application which that person makes for the variation or discharge of the exclusion requirement.

(6) Where an exclusion requirement ceases to have effect whether –

(a) as a result of the removal of a child under section 38A(10) or 44A(10) of the 1989 Act²⁸;

(b) because of the discharge of the interim care order or emergency protection order; or

(c) otherwise,

the applicant must inform –

(i) the relevant person;

(ii) the parties to the proceedings;

(iii) any officer to whom a copy of the order was delivered under paragraph (3); and

(iv) (where necessary) the court.

(7) Where the court includes an exclusion requirement in an interim care order or an emergency protection order of its own motion, paragraph (2) will apply with the omission of any reference to the statement of the evidence.

(8) In this rule, 'the relevant person' has the meaning assigned to it by sections 38A(2) and 44A(2) of the 1989 Act.

Notification of consent

12.29

(1) Consent for the purposes of the following provisions of the 1989 Act –

(a) section 16(3)²⁹;

(b) section 38A(2)(b)(ii) or 44A(2)(b)(ii); or

(c) paragraph 19(3)(c) or (d) of Schedule 2,

must be given either –

(i) orally to the court; or

(ii) in writing to the court signed by the person giving consent.

(2) Any written consent for the purposes of section 38A(2) or 44A(2) of the 1989 Act must include a statement that the person giving consent –

(a) is able and willing to give to the child the care which it would be reasonable to expect a parent to give; and

(b) understands that the giving of consent could lead to the exclusion of the relevant person from the dwelling-house in which the child lives.

Proceedings for secure accommodation orders: copies of reports

12.30

In proceedings under section 25 of the 1989 Act, the court will, if practicable, arrange for copies of all written reports filed in the case to be made available before the hearing to –

- (a) the applicant;
- (b) the parent or guardian of the child to whom the application relates;
- (c) any legal representative of the child;
- (d) the children's guardian; and
- (e) the child, unless the court directs otherwise,

and copies of the reports may, if the court considers it desirable, be shown to any person who is entitled to notice of any hearing in accordance with Practice Direction 12C.

Footnotes

1. 2006 c.21. [Return to footnote 1](#)
2. Section 33 was amended by section 108(5) of and paragraph 62 of Schedule 13 to the Children Act 1989 and section 261(1) of and paragraph 124 of Schedule 27 to the Civil Partnership Act 2004. [Return to footnote 2](#)
3. Section 34 was amended by section 108(5) of and paragraphs 62 and 70 of Schedule 13 to the Children Act 1989 and article 12(3) of Children (Northern Ireland Consequential Amendments) Order 1995 (S.I. 1995/756). [Return to footnote 3](#)
4. Section 45(8A) was inserted by section 52 of and paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to the Family Law Act 1996. [Return to footnote 4](#)
5. Section 45(8B) was inserted by section 52 of and paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to the Family Law Act 1996. [Return to footnote 5](#)
6. Section 79 was amended by section 157 of and paragraphs 108 and 114(1) and (2) and (3)(b) of Schedule 14 to the Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c.40). [Return to footnote 6](#)
7. Section 50 was amended by section 261(1) of and paragraph 131 of Schedule 27 to the Civil Partnership Act 2004. [Return to footnote 7](#)

8. Section 4(1)(c) was amended by section 111(1) and (2) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002 and section 56 of and paragraphs 21(1) and (2) of Schedule 6 to the Welfare Reform Act 2009(c.29).

[Return to footnote 8](#)

9. Section 4ZA was inserted by section 56 of and paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008. [Return to footnote 9](#)

10. Section 4A(1)(b) was amended by section 75(1) and (2) of the Civil Partnership Act 2004. [Return to footnote 10](#)

11. Section 14D was inserted by section 115(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 11](#)

12. Section 25 was amended by section 39 of and paragraphs 1 and 15 of Schedule 3 to the Children and Young Persons Act 2008 and section 24 of and paragraph 45 of Schedule 4 to the Access to Justice Act 1999. [Return to footnote 12](#)

~~13. Section 31(1)(b) was amended by sections 74 and 75 of and paragraphs 87 and 90 of Schedule 7 to the Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (c.43). [Return to footnote 13](#)~~

~~14. Paragraph 17(1) was amended by article 5(1) of and paragraphs 37(1) and (14)(a) of Schedule 2 to the Local Education Authorities and Children's Services Authorities (Intergration of Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1158). [Return to footnote 14](#)~~

15. Section 39(3A) was inserted by section 52 of and paragraph 2 of Schedule 6 to the Family Law Act 1996. [Return to footnote 15](#)

16. Section 39(3B) was inserted by section 56 of and paragraph 2 of Schedule to the Family Law Act 1996. [Return to footnote 16](#)

17. Section 14A(1) was inserted by section 115(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 17](#)

18. Section 1(3) was inserted by section 56 of and paragraphs 24(1) and (2) of Schedule 6 to the Human Fertilisation and Embryology Act 2008. [Return to footnote 18](#)

19. Section 4A(3) was inserted by section 112 of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 19](#)

20. Section 5(1) was amended by section 115(2), and (4)(a)(i) and (ii) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 20](#)

21. Section 10(4) was amended by section 139(1) of and paragraphs 54, 56(a) and (b) of Schedule 3 to the Adoption and Children Act 2002. Section 10(5) was inserted by section 77 of the Civil Partnership Act 2004. Section 10(5A) was inserted by section 139(1) and paragraphs 54 and 56(c) of Schedule 3 to the Adoption and Children Act 2002. Section 10(5B) was inserted by section 36 of the Children and Young Persons Act 2008. Section 10(7A) was inserted by section 139(1) of and paragraphs 54 and 56(d) of Schedule 3 to the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 21](#)

22. Section 11J was inserted by section 4(1) of the Children and Adoption Act 2006 (c.20). [Return to footnote 22](#)

23. Section 14D was inserted by section 115(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 23](#)

24. 2006 c.4. [Return to footnote 24](#)

25. 2006 c.42 [Return to footnote 25](#)

26. Sections 14A(8) and (9) were inserted by section 115(1) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 26](#)

27. Section 1 was amended by section 115(2) and (3) of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. [Return to footnote 27](#)

28. Sections 38A(10) and 44A(10) were inserted by section 52 of and paragraphs 1 and 3 of Schedule 6 to the Family Law Act 1996. [Return to footnote 28](#)

29. Paragraph (a) was repealed by sections 6(1), (2), 15(2) of and Schedule 3 to the Children and Adoption Act 2006. [Return to footnote 29](#)